TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements: Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements:	12 13
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government -	14
Wide Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	16
Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	17
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	19
Budget and Actual - General, Highway and Special Districts Funds Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Fund	20 22
Notes to Financial Statements Required Supplemental Information -	23
Other Post Employment Benefits -	
Schedule of Funding Progress - Last Three Fiscal Years Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statement & Last 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19,	41
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
General Fund: Comparative Balance Sheet	42
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	43
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Highway Fund:	45 48
Comparative Balance Sheet Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	52
Budget and Actual Special Districts Fund:	53
Combining Balance Sheet – Sub Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	55
Balances – Sub Funds Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	57
Budget and Actual Lake Carmel Fire Protection District	
Kent Fire Protection District	59 61
Lake Carmel Park District Lake Tibet Park District	63 65
Romanoff Water District Leeside Water District	67 69
Lake Carmel Sanitation District Special Purpose Fund:	71
Comparative Balance Sheet Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	73 74
Capital Projects Fund: Comparative Balance Sheet	
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Project-Length Schedule	75 76 77

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Supervisor and Town Board of the Town of Kent, New York:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Kent, New York as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements and assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Kent, New York as of December 31, 2009 and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Highway and Special Districts funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post Employment Benefits are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Kent, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Town of Kent, New York. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

O'Common Davies Munno & Dobbins, LAP

O'Connor Davies Munns & Dobbins, LLP June 20, 2010

Town of Kent, New York Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2009

The purpose of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to provide the reader with a summary overview of the financial activities of the Town of Kent, New York (Town) for the calendar year ending December 31, 2009. The MD&A is a summary and in no way is a substitute for the detailed information presented in the basic financial statements and other financial information and the accompanying notes to the financial statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights for Calendar Year 2009

- On the government-wide financial statements, the Town had net assets (assets exceeding liabilities) of \$25,694,210 at calendar year end 2009 Unrestricted net assets, which are available to meet ongoing obligations of the Town, totaled \$877,470. The Town's net assets decreased by \$839,827 from calendar year end 2008 to calendar year end 2009. This is comprised of an increase for the year of \$988,867 and a decrease of \$1,828,694 for the Town's annual other post employment benefit cost expense as actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 45.
- The Town's governmental funds combined ending fund balances at December 31, 2009 were \$5,395,871. The total unreserved fund balances for governmental funds is \$3,516,755 at December 31, 2009.
- At the end of the current calendar year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,313,146 or 34.75% of the total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- The Town issued \$-0- in serial bonds during calendar year ending 2009.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Town's financial statements are composed of this MD&A and the basic financial statements. The MD&A serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The MD&A is an analysis and overview of the Town's financial activities. The basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also includes other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and are presented in a format similar to private sector financial statements.

The components of the government-wide financial statements are as follows:

- The statement of net assets reports the Town's total assets, liabilities, and the difference, or net assets. The intention is that, over time, the changes in net assets will indicate whether the Town's financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities indicates how the Town's net assets changed from the prior calendar year. Changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as uncollected taxes.

The statement of activities indicates the functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues for governmental services. The governmental activities of the Town include: general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, as do other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the Town funds can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental Funds - are used to account for the same functions as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the calendar year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains the following governmental funds: General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (including Highway Fund, Special Districts Fund and the Special Purpose Fund) and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately for each fund. Individual sub-fund data for the Special Districts Fund is provided in combining statements and schedules.

The Town adopts annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund, Highway Fund and the Special Districts Fund. Budgetary comparisons have been provided in the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements, because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The Town maintains one type of fiduciary fund, which is the Agency Fund. The Agency Fund maintains assets held for the benefit of others.

Notes to the Financial Statements - provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As indicated previously, net assets and changes to net assets over time are expected to be a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Town's net assets at calendar year end December 31, 2009 and 2008 were \$29,694,210 and \$26,534,037 respectively. Almost two and a half percent of the Town's 2009 net assets are restricted for various purposes (capital projects, debt service, special revenue funds, etc.) Investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, account for ninety-two percent of the total net assets. The Town uses these assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, the assets cannot be used for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A summary of the Town's net assets, at December 31, 2009 and 2008 is as follows:

Governmental Activities Net Assets

2009	2008
\$ 5,721,203 27,890,306	\$ 4,712,340 28,481,646
33,611,509	33,193,986
374,571 7,542,728	491,925 6,168,024
7,917,299	6,659,949
24,200,417	24,342,502
616,323	789,201
877,470	1,402,334
\$ 25,694,210	\$ 26,534,037
	27,890,306 33,611,509 374,571 7,542,728 7,917,299 24,200,417 616,323 877,470

Restricted assets, which represent resources that are subject to external constraints on how they may be used, are approximately three percent of the total net assets. The unrestricted net assets, or about three percent, may be used to meet the Town's ongoing financial obligations.

In 2009, The Town's net assets, which relate solely to governmental activities, decreased by \$839,827 and are discussed in the next section.

Governmental Activities - account for all of the increase in the Town's net assets. A summary of the Town's change in net assets, at December 31, 2009 and 2008 is as follows:

Changes in Net Assets

	D	ecember 31, 2009	December 31, 2008		
Revenues:					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	966,167	\$	739,448	
Operating Grants and Contributions		179,071		172,044	
Capital Grants and Contributions		201,670		204,777	
General Revenues:					
Real Property Taxes		14,235,319		14,167,491	
State Aid-unrestricted		336,631		553,546	
Other Tax Items		59,921		72,314	
Non property taxes-Franchise Fees		192,507		179,703	
Unrestricted use of money and property		97,941		198,084	
Sale of property and compensation for loss Donated Assets		38,439		23,526	
Other Items		70,214		218,795	
Total Revenues	\$	16,377,880	\$	16,529,728	
Program Expenses:		en a la regional de l			
General Government Support		3,591,400		3,104,941	
Public Safety		5,476,851		5,518,954	
Health		5,522		5,898	
Transportation		3,762,653		4,591,977	
Economic Opportunity and Development		29,000		26,760	
Culture and Recreation		2,169,521		2,095,749	
Home and Community Services		2,001,194		2,226,088	
Interest		181,566		197,631	
Total Expenses		17,217,707		17,767,998	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$	(839,827)	\$	(1,238,270)	

The major revenue categories are: real property taxes, 87%, State aid 2% and Charges for services 6%, the major expenditure categories are: public safety 32%, transportation 22%, general government support 21%, culture and recreation 13%, and home and community services 12%.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As previously indicated, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - are used to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. The unreserved portion of fund balance can provide a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the calendar year. The Town's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$5,395,871 and \$4,273,950 at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Approximately, \$3,516,755 or about 65% of the 2009 total constitutes unreserved fund balance. The reserved fund balances are not available for new spending, because they have been committed to: prepaid expenditures (\$560,825), repairs (\$99,946), advances (\$930,285), future capital projects (\$128), debt service (\$185,603) and parklands (\$102,329).

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. At the end of the calendar year, the unreserved fund balance was \$3,313,346 and the total fund balance was \$4,719,140. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both the unreserved fund balance and the total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. The unreserved fund balance represents 70% and the total fund balance represents 49% of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

The fund balance in the Town's General Fund decreased by \$148,276 during the current calendar year. The primary reasons for the decrease were the decrease in real property taxes and the transfer of cash to other funds workman's compensation reimbursement in excess of anticipated amounts and the decrease in expenditures in general government support, public safety, culture and recreation, and home and community services as compared with estimated expenditures.

The fund balance in the Town Highway Fund increased by \$1,059,758 during the current calendar year. The primary reasons for the fund balance increase were an increase in Transfers from other funds and a decrease in expenditures.

The fund balance for the Capital Projects Fund increased by \$81,701 during the current calendar year. The primary reason for the fund balance increase was an increase in state aid and a decrease in capital outlay expenditures.

Deficit Fund Balances:

At December 31, 2009, Deficit fund balances exist in the following fund:

Capital Projects Fund: \$860,285

This Deficit will have to be addressed in future periods by one or more of the following:

Increasing taxes

Cutting down on expenses

Bonding or other financing

Transfers from the General Fund – Fund Balance

Provision was made in the 2010 budget to partially fund the Capital fund deficit. Taxes will be levied through the general fund and transferred to the capital fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original and final budgets for revenues and other financing sources is \$122,325 with the final amended budget more than the original budget. The increases relate to: Departmental Income of \$40,190, State Aid Revenue of \$40,635, and Miscellaneous Revenue of \$41,500.

The difference between the original and final budgets for expenditures and other financing uses is also \$122,325 with the final amended budget more than the original budget. The differences relate to: General Government Support (increase \$153,154), Public Safety (decrease \$306,112), Culture and Recreation (decrease \$86,188), Home and Community Services (decrease \$107,477), Employee Benefits (increase \$31,239), and other financing uses - Transfers Out (increase \$436,171)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

<u>Capital Assets</u> - at December 31, 2009 for governmental activities was \$27,890,306 net of accumulated depreciation of \$6,631,285. The investment in capital assets includes: land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure.

The major capital asset activity (increase) during the current calendar year included various equipment items for general government support, public safety and recreation purposes – net of retirements (\$39,079).

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) December 31,

	·	2009	2008			
Land Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	\$	16,252,691 9,520,947 1,227,066 889,602	\$	16,252,691 9,847,030 1,472,203 909,722		
Total Capital Assets	\$	27,890,306	\$	28,481,646		

Additional information on the Town's capital assets is available in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Outstanding Debt - at the end of calendar year 2009 the Town had a total of \$3,644,525 general obligation bonds outstanding. All of the debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

New York State statutes place a limit on the maximum amount of total outstanding long-term debt that may be incurred by a local municipal entity at no more than seven percent of the five-year average full valuation of all real property. The Town's current constitutional debt limitation is \$118,083,126 and the Town has consumed 2.69% of the debt contracting capacity.

Additional information on the Town's debt is available in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

New construction and development continued to slow down in the Town during 2009, due to an ongoing downturn in the housing market. Interest rates remained low during the year 2009. In the last few years, the historically low interest rates had led to new and refinanced mortgages, providing significant mortgage tax revenues to the Town, this changed in 2009 as a decline in home prices due to fear in the economy has led to a decrease in the number of home sales and mortgage refinancings. For 2010, the mortgage tax revenues are not expected to continue at the same levels as in previous years. There are signs that the housing market may rebound later in 2010, but much of the real estate activity involves sale of foreclosed homes and homes facing foreclosure.

Another major uncertainty is the cost of retirement benefits. They are increasing substantially.

The costs of employee and retiree health insurance premiums have also been escalating at the same time.

All of these factors were considered by management in preparing the Town's 2010 budget, which contained a very small increase over the 2009 budget.

After the budget for 2010 was prepared, the economy continued to decline. The various stimulus packages may make capital available for borrowing, but may possibly lead to inflation, as the government pumps additional money into the system. This would create an additional cost in the purchase price of governmental vehicles and equipment, and capital improvements, as well as normal expenses.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the Town of Kent, New York. Questions about this report should be addressed to G. Peter Peloquin, Town Accountant, Town of Kent, 25 Sybil's Crossing, Kent Lakes, New York 10512.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2009

	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$	4,928,886
Receivables:		. ,
Accounts		178,087
State and Federal aid		53,405
Prepaid expenses		560,825
Capital assets (net of accumulated		
depreciation):		
Land		16,252,691
Buildings and improvements		9,520,947
Machinery and equipment		1,227,066
Infrastructure		889,602
Total Assets		33,611,509
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		176,982
Accrued liabilities		85,305
Unearned revenues		63,045
Accrued interest payable	1.1	49,239
Non-current liabilities:	. 4	1200
Due within one year:		
Bonds payable		360,202
Capital lease payable		33,753
Compensated absences Due in more than one year:	'	6,023
Bonds payable		0.004.000
Capital lease payable		3,284,323
Compensated absences		11,611
Other post employment benefit obligations payable		54,203
o their poor employment benefit obligations payable		3,792,613
Total Liabilities		7,917,299
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt		24,200,417
Restricted for:		
Repairs		99,946
Capital projects		70,000
Future capital projects		128
Debt service		185,603
Special Revenue Funds:		
Special districts		158,317
Special purpose		102,329
Unrestricted		877,470
Total Net Assets	\$	25,694,210

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					Progr	am Revenue	es		N	et (Expense)
						Operating		Capital		evenue and
			С	harges for	G	rants and	C	Frants and		Changes in
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	C	ontributions		Net Assets
Governmental activities:				,						
General government support	\$	3,591,400	\$	15,118	\$	75,723	\$	-	\$	(3,500,559)
Public safety		5,476,851		528,442		6,843		-		(4,941,566)
Health		5,522		605		20,000		-		15,083
Transportation		3,762,653		-		16,654		176,349		(3,569,650)
Economic opportunity and										, , ,
development		29,000		_		-		-		(29,000)
Culture and recreation		2,169,521		274,621		20,679		9,371		(1,864,850)
Home and community										
services		2,001,194		147,381		39,172		14,112		(1,800,529)
Interest		181,566		-		-		1,838		(179,728)
Total Governmental										
Activities	\$	17,217,707	\$	966,167	\$	179,071	\$	201,670		(15,870,799)
	F	neral Revenue Real property ta Other tax items Interest and p	axes -	ties on real						14,235,319
		property tax								59,921
.	١	lon-property ta		franchise fe	es					192,507
		Inrestricted use				v				97,941
		ale of property			. ,	•			: .	
		compensation		oss						38,439
	Unrestricted State aid							336,631		
	N	liscellaneous								70,214
	Total General Revenues						15,030,972			
		Change in Ne	t Ass	ets						(839,827)
	Net	: Assets - Begi	nning	of Year						26,534,037
	Net	: Assets - Endi	ng				•		\$	25,694,210

ASSETS	 General		Highway		Special Districts		Special Purpose
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 854,576	\$		\$	3,511,225	\$	102,329
Receivables: Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other funds Advances to other funds	 178,087 53,405 3,676,006 930,285		- - 527,951 -		333,564		- - - -
	 4,837,783		527,951		333,564		
Prepaid Expenditures	 290,106		175,053		95,666		-
Total Assets	\$ 5,982,465	\$	703,004	\$	3,940,455	<u>\$</u>	102,329
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities:							
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 128,615 80,349	\$	17,405 4,956	\$	17,964	\$	-
Deferred revenues Due to other funds Advances from other funds	 1,054,361 -		57,056 		3,111,391 -	• • • • • • •	1
Total Liabilities	1,263,325	:	79,417		3,129,355		<u> </u>
Fund Balances (Deficits): Reserved for prepaid expenditures Reserved for repairs Reserved for advances Reserved for future capital projects Reserved for debt service Reserved for parklands Unreserved, reported in: General Fund Special Revenue Funds	290,106 - 930,285 - 185,603 - 3,313,146		175,053 - - - - - - - 448,534		95,666 99,946 - 128 - - - 615,360		102,329
Capital Projects Fund	 		<u>-</u>	-			<u></u>
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	 4,719,140		623,587		811,100		102,329
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 5,982,465	\$	703,004	\$	3,940,455	\$	102,329

Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 460,756	\$ 4,928,886
-	178,087
 1,017,011	53,405 5,554,532 930,285
 1,017,011	6,716,309
 	560,825
\$ 1,477,767	\$ 12,206,020
\$ 12,998	\$ 176,982 85,305
63,045	63,045
1,331,724	5,554,532
 930,285	930,285
 2,338,052	6,810,149
· _	560,825
	99,946
-	930,285
- -	128 185,603
-	102,329
-	3,313,146
-	1,063,894
 (860,285)	(860,285)
 (860,285)	5,395,871
\$ 1,477,767	\$ 12,206,020

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RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2009

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	5,395,871
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		27,890,306
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(49,239)
Bonds payable		(3,644,525)
Capital lease payable	•	(45,364)
Compensated absences		(60,226)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable		(3,792,613)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	25,694,210

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

December		General		Highway		Special Districts		Special Purpose
Revenues:	æ	7.000.240	•	2744.050	•	0.404.045	•	
Real property taxes Other tax items	\$	7,089,318	\$	3,711,356	\$	3,434,645	\$	=
		59,921		-		-		-
Non-property taxes Departmental income		192,507		-		44.044		
		868,710		-		14,814		5,500
Use of money and property		99,779		11,778		15,431		329
Licenses and permits		2,360		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		439,597		-		-		-
Sale of property and		00.400		4.070		0.447		
compensation for loss		38,439		4,876		2,447		-
State aid		483,592		-		- 0.75		-
Miscellaneous		70,214		-		3,975		
Total Revenues		9,344,437		3,728,010		3,471,312		5,829
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government support		2,995,191		-		-		-
Public safety		3,250,359		-		1,288,636		-
Health		4,072		-		<u></u>		-
Transportation		229,172		2,289,735		-		-
Economic opportunity and						1		
development		29,000		-		· - *	1 :	-
Culture and recreation		1,327,873		_		431,808		••
Home and community services		347,150				1,028,917		-
Employee benefits		341,257		712,435		373,064		-
Debt service:								
Principal		276,310		94,865		91,496		-
Interest		172,075		7,388		6,399		-
Capital outlay				<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures		8,972,459		3,104,423		3,220,320		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		371,978		623,587		250,992		5,829
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		41,500		436,171		_		_
Transfers out		(561,754)		<u>. </u>		(86,583)		(41,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(520,254)		436,171		(86,583)		(41,500)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(148,276)		1,059,758		164,409		(35,671)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year		4,867,416		(436,171)		646,691		138,000
Fund Balances (Deficits) - End of Year	\$	4,719,140	\$	623,587	\$	811,100	\$	102,329
							-	

Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 14,235,319
Ψ -	το 14,235,319 59,921
_	192,507
_	889,024
-	127,317
_	2,360
_	439,597
	455,551
-	45,762
197,775	681,367
2,057	76,246
199,832	16,749,420
_	2,995,191
	4,538,995
· _	4,072
-	2,518,907
•	20,000
	29,000 1,759,681
_	1,376,067
	1,426,756
	1,420,700
-	462,671
<u>-</u>	185,862
330,297	330,297
330,297	15,627,499
(130,465)	1,121,921
212,166	689,837
	(689,837)
212,166	
81,701	1,121,921
(941,986)	4,273,950
\$ (860,285)	\$ 5,395,871



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

The state of the second control of the second of the secon	Guat	130.
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,121,921
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. This amount may be less than the total capital outlay since capital outlay includes amounts under the capitalization threshold that are not capitalized.	al	
Capital outlay expenditures		39,079
Depreciation expense		(630,419)
		(591,340)
Issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial sources to governmental funds, but issuance of long-term debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		·
Principal paid on bonds		430,480
Principal paid on capital leases		32,191
		02,101
		462,671
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest		4,296
Compensated absences		(8,681)
Other post employment benefit obligations		(1,828,694)
		(1,020,001)
		(1,833,079)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	(839,827)
		(000,021)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL, HIGHWAY AND SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		General Fund						
Devenues	Polimonia	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	•	7.000.017					_	
Real property taxes	\$	7,089,317	\$	7,089,317	\$	7,089,318	\$. 1
Other tax items		50,000		50,000		59,921		9,921
Non-property taxes		151,800		151,800		192,507		40,707
Departmental income		964,073		1,004,263		868,710		(135,553)
Use of money and property		165,000		165,000		99,779		(65,221)
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures		1,800		1,800		2,360		560
· ··· ··· · · · · · · · · · · · ·		422,000		422,000		439,597		17,597
Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid		-		-		38,439		38,439
Miscellaneous		645,920		686,555		483,592		(202,963)
Miscellatieous				41,500		70,214		28,714
Total Revenues		9,489,910		9,612,235	_	9,344,437		(267,798)
Expenditures: Current:								
General government support		2,863,341		3,016,495		2,995,191		21,304
Public safety		3,569,393		3,263,281		3,250,359		12,922
Health		6,320		6,320		4,072		2,248
Transportation		241,526		241,527		229,172		12,355
Economic opportunity and development		27,500		30,000		29,000		1,000
Culture and recreation	1.7	1,433,101		1,346,913		1,327,873		19,040
Home and community services		462,690		355,213		347,150		8,063
Employee benefits		311,108		342,347		341,257		1,090
Debt service:								
Principal		276,310		276,310		276,310		-
Interest		173,038		172,075		172,075		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures		9,364,327		9,050,481		8,972,459		78,022
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		125,583		561,754		371,978		(189,776)
		· · ·						
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								•
Transfers in		-				41,500		41,500
Transfers out		(125,583)		(561,754)		(561,754)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(125,583)		(561,754)		(520,254)		41,500
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(148,276)		(148,276)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year						4,867,416		4,867,416
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$	4,719,140	\$	4,719,140

Highway Fund				Special Districts Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	3,711,356	\$ 3,711,356	\$ 3,711,356	\$ -	\$ 3,434,645	\$ 3,434,645	\$ 3,434,645	\$ -
	30,000	30,000 -	11,778	- - (18,222) -	15,000 21,550	15,000 21,550	14,814 15,431	(186) (6,119)
	-	6,080 - -	4,876 -	(1,204)	14,200 15,000 1,200	- 14,200 15,000 1,200	2,447 - 3,975	(11,753) (15,000)
	3,741,356	3,747,436	3,728,010	(19,426)	3,501,595	3,501,595	3,471,312	(30,283)
	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	
	-	~	-	-	1,292,300	1,292,300	1,288,636	3,664
	2,869,026	2,895,245	2,289,735	605,510	-	-	-	-
	802,438	749,938	712,435	37,503	459,154 1,211,630 438,556	472,953 1,210,630 438,706	431,808 1,028,917 373,064	41,145 181,713 65,642
	63,574 6,318	94,865 7,388	94,865 7,388		90,574 9,381	91,574 9,381	91,496 6,399	78 2,982
	3,741,356	3,747,436	3,104,423	643,013	3,501,595	3,515,544	3,220,320	295,224
			623,587	623,587		(13,949)	250,992	264,941
	<u>-</u>	-	436,171	436,171	-	- (86,583)	- (86,583)	<u> </u>
	•		436,171	436,171		(86,583)	(86,583)	
	-	-	1,059,758	1,059,758		(100,532)	164,409	264,941
	<u>-</u>		(436,171)	(436,171)		100,532	646,691	546,159
\$	*	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 623,587	\$ 623,587	\$	\$ -	\$ 811,100	\$ 811,100

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2009

<u>ASSETS</u>	Agency
Cash: Demand deposits Time deposits	\$ 534,798 40,658
	575,456
Accounts Receivable	56,530
Total Assets	\$ 631,986
LIABILITIES	
Deposits Payable Employee Payroll Deductions	\$ 597,825 <u>34,161</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ 631,986

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Kent, New York ("Town") was established in 1817 and operates in accordance with Town Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Town Board is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Town Supervisor serves as both the chief executive and chief financial officer. The Town provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Town, b) organizations for which the Town is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Town, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Town's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the Town's reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Town as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the Town at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Town maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Town's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Town's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Town in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain defined purposes. The Town's major special revenue funds are as follows:

Highway Fund - The Highway Fund is used to account for road and bridge maintenance and improvements as defined in the Highway Law of the State of New York.

Special Districts Fund - The Special Districts Fund is provided to account for the operation and maintenance of the Town's fire protection, park, water and sanitation districts.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Town in accordance with terms of a trust agreement.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Agency Fund is used to account for employee payroll tax withholdings and various other deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial reports.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus and utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility. revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations payable are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Fund Balances

Deposits and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The Town's investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Town has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Town is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions and, accordingly, the Town's policy provides for no credit risk on deposits or investments.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Town has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Town's name. The Town's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2009.

The Town was invested only in the above mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate risk.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied on January 1st. The Town collects county, town, highway and special districts taxes which are levied and due January 1st and payable without penalty to January 31st. The Town retains the total amount of town, highway and special districts taxes from the total collections and returns the balance plus the uncollected items to the County which assumes collection responsibility.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Town. Receivables are recorded and revenues

recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the Town has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of December 31, 2009 balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Advances To/From Other Funds - Advances to/from other funds represent loans to other funds, which are not expected to be repaid within the subsequent annual operating cycle. The advances are offset by a fund balance reserve in the fund financial statements, which indicates that the funds are not "available" for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in the fund financial statements are equally offset by a reservation of fund balance, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventory - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the Town. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities, the Town chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Town was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	20-50 5-20 50

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Unearned/Deferred Revenues - Unearned/deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Deferred revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The Town has reported deferred revenues of \$63,045 for State aid received in advance in the Capital Projects Fund. These amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Long-Term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide statement of net assets as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Assets - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets on the Statement of Net Assets include, invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted for repairs, capital projects, future capital projects, debt service and special revenue funds. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balances - Reserves and Designations - Portions of fund balance are segregated for future use and are, therefore, not available for future appropriation or expenditure. Amounts reserved for prepaid expenditures, repairs, advances, future capital projects, debt service and parklands represent portions of fund balance, which are required to be segregated in accordance with State law or generally accepted accounting principles. Designations of unreserved fund balance in governmental funds indicates the utilization of these resources in the ensuing year's budget or tentative plans for future use.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is June 20, 2010.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Town generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before September 30th, the Supervisor shall submit a tentative budget to the Town Clerk.
- b) On or before October 5th, the Town Clerk shall present the tentative budget to the Town Board.
- c) Once the tentative budget is approved by the Town Board, it becomes the preliminary budget. The Town Board files the preliminary budget with the Town Clerk where it is available for inspection. In addition, the Board shall cause to be published a notice specifying a time and place for a public hearing.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- d) At the public hearing, taxpayers may comment on the preliminary budget.
- e) On or before November 20th, the Town Board shall adopt the preliminary budget as originally compiled or it may, by a majority vote, diminish or reject certain items contained therein as prescribed by law.
- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General, Highway and Special Districts funds.
- g) Budgets for the General, Highway and Special District funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not adopted for the Special Purpose Fund.
- h) The Town Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Town Board. Any modifications to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- i) Appropriations in the General, Highway and Special District funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts as promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Town Board.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The Town is not limited as to the maximum amount of real property taxes which may be raised.

C. Fund Deficits

The undesignated deficit in the Capital Project Fund of \$860,285 arises because of expenditures exceeding current financing on the projects. This deficit will be eliminated with the subsequent receipt or issuance of authorized financing.

D. Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

The following capital projects exceeded their budgetary provisions by the amounts indicated:

Town Hall	\$ 1,048,510
Ryans Park	37,009
Road Construction	21
Lake Carmel Gate Valves	13,284

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at December 31, 2009 were as follows:

Fund	Due <u>Fron</u>		Due To
General Highway Special Districts Capital Projects	52 ⁻ 33 ⁻	6,006 \$ 7,951 3,564 7,011	1,054,361 57,056 3,111,391 1,331,724
	\$ 5,55	54,532 \$	5,554,532

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the Town's capital assets are as follows:

Class	Balance January 1, 2009	Additions	Balance December 31, 2009
Olass	2003	Additions	2009
Capital Assets, not being depreciated - Land	\$ 16,252,691	\$ -	<u>\$ 16,252,691</u>
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 13,313,835 3,909,966 1,006,020	\$ 12,074 27,005	\$ 13,325,909 3,936,971 1,006,020
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	18,229,821	39,079	18,268,900
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	3,466,805 2,437,763 96,298	338,157 272,142 20,120	3,804,962 2,709,905 116,418
Total Accumulated Depreciation	6,000,866	630,419	6,631,285
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 12,228,955	\$ (591,340)	<u>\$ 11,637,615</u>
Capital Assets, net	\$ 28,481,646	\$ (591,340)	\$ 27,890,306

Depreciation expense was charged to the Town's functions and programs as follows:

General Government Support	\$ 163,144
Public Safety	135,921
Transportation	146,232
Culture and Recreation	107,773
Home and Community Services	 77,349
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 630.419

C. Pension Plans

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") ("Systems"). These Systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The Systems provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12224.

Funding Policy - The Systems are non-contributory except for employees who joined ERS after July 27, 1976 and have less than ten years of service, who contribute 3% of their salary. Contributions are certified by the State Comptroller and expressed as a percentage of members' salary. Contribution rates are actuarially determined and based upon membership tier and plan. Contributions consist of a life insurance portion and regular pension contributions. Contribution rates for the plan year ended March 31, 2010 are as follows:

	<u>Tier/Plan</u>	Rate
ERS	1 75I 2 75I 3 A14 4 A15	9.3% 8.6 7.0 7.0
PFRS	1 384D 2 375I 2 384D	14.2 10.3 13.8

Contributions made to the Systems for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

	 ERS	PFRS			
2009	\$ 248,365	\$	265,119		
2008	305,633		242,769		
2007	299,157		226,071		

The ERS and PFRS contributions were equal to 100% of the actuarially required contributions for each respective fiscal year.

The current ERS contribution for the Town was charged to various functional categories within the funds identified below. The current PFRS contribution was charged to the General Fund.

Fund	 Amount
General Highway Special Districts	\$ 112,402 88,706 47,257
	\$ 248,365

D. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Town's long-term indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2009:

	Balance January 1, 2009		January 1, New Issues/		Maturities and/or Payments		Balance December 31, 2009		Due Within One Year	
Bonds Payable Capital Lease Payable Compensated Absences Other Post Employment	\$	4,075,005 77,555 51,545	\$	- - 13,836	\$	430,480 32,191 5,155	\$	3,644,525 45,364 60,226	\$	360,202 33,753 6,023
Benefit Obligations Payable	_	1,963,919		2,375,664	_	546,970	_	3,792,613		· <u>-</u>
	\$	6,168,024	\$	2,389,500	\$	1,014,796	\$	7,542,728	\$	399,978

Each governmental fund's liability for bonds, capital leases, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations payable is liquidated by the respective fund.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at December 31, 2009 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of		Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates		Amount Outstanding at ecember 31, 2009
Public Improvements	2002	\$	5,000,000	September, 2022	4.25 - 5.00 %	\$	3,350,000
Public Improvements	2007	•	200,000	September, 2012	3.45	•	120,000
Public Improvements	2007		23,812	September, 2010	3.65		7,937
Public Improvements	2007		23,812	September, 2010	3.65		7,937
Public Improvements	2008		151,721	February, 2011	2.50		101,147
Public Improvements	2008		24,978	February, 2011	2.50		16,652
Public Improvements	2008		24,978	February, 2011	2.50		16,652
Public Improvements	2008		36,300	November, 2011	3.25		24,200
						\$	3,644,525

Interest expenditures of \$182,874 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the following funds.

<u>Fund</u>		Amount
General Highway Special Districts	\$	172,075 4,400 6,399
	<u>\$</u>	182,874

Interest expense of \$178,578 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Lease Payable

In April 2006, the Town entered into a capital lease to finance the acquisition of certain equipment. The terms of the agreement provide for the repayment of the principal amount of \$156,295 in 60 monthly installments of \$2,932, including interest at 4.75%. The balance due at December 31, 2009 was \$45,364.

Interest expenditures of \$2,988 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Highway Fund and in the government-wide financial statements.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded and capital lease debt outstanding as of December 31, 2009, including interest payments of \$1,205,150 are as follows:

Year Ending		Bonds	Payable Capital Leas		ease Payable			Total				
December 31,		Principal	_	Interest	F	Principal		nterest	_	Principal		Interest
2010	\$	360,202	\$	167,662	\$	33,753	\$	1,426	\$	393,955	\$	169,088
2011		344,323		154,152		11,611		115		355,934		154,267
2012		290,000		142,045		-		-		290,000		142,045
2013		250,000		129,750		-		-		250,000		129,750
2014		250,000		118,750		-		-		250,000		118,750
2015-2019		1,325,000		408,750		-		-		1,325,000		408,750
2020-2022	_	825,000		82,500						825,000		82,500
	\$	3,644,525	\$	1,203,609	\$	45,364	\$	1,541	\$	3,689,889	\$	1,205,150

Compensated Absences

Police officers may accumulate 180 days of sick leave. Any employee may elect to be paid for unused sick time at the end of each calendar year. Such payment will be for the time accumulated during that year only and will be paid at the current rate of pay. Vacation time must be taken in the year earned. Certain employees may elect to add up to 125 days of sick time to their retirement time under Section 41j of the New York State Employee's Retirement System. The Town is liable to the System for such elections. The value of all compensated absences has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Town may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing other post employment benefit obligations payable is shared between the Town and the retired employees. Substantially all of the Town's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Town. The cost of other post employment benefit obligations payable is recognized as an expenditure in the fund financial statements as claims are paid. The Town has recognized revenues and expenditures of \$27,378 for Medicare Part D payments made directly to its health insurance carrier on behalf of its retirees.

The Town's annual other post employment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will

no longer be accounted for under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions and projections do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The Town is required to accrue on the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The 2008 and 2009 actual premiums were used in the projections with the assumed rate of increase in postretirement benefits subsequent to 2009 presented below:

Fiscal Year	Medical Premiums	Medicare Part B Premiums
i cai	<u> </u>	Fielillallis
2010	10.50 %	8.50 %
2011	10.00	8.00
2012	9.50	7.50
2013	9.00	7.00
2014	8.50	6.50
2015	8.00	6.00
2016	7.50	5.50
2017	7.00	5.00
2018	6.50	5.00
2019	6.00	5.00
2020	5.50	5.00
2021 +	5.00	5.00

The amortization basis is the level dollar of payroll method with an open amortization approach with 28 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% annual discount rate. The Town currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying post employment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the unit credit method.

The number of participants as of January 1, 2008 was as follows:

Active Employees Retired Employees and Dependents	85 46	
Total	<u>131</u>	
Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of January 1, 2009 Assets at Market Value	\$ 	23,757,896
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	\$	23,757,896
Funded Ratio	-	0.00%
Covered Payroll (Active plan members)	\$	4,469,517
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		531.55%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$	2,406,335 78,557 (109,228)
Annual OPEB Cost		2,375,664
Contributions Made	<u> </u>	(546,970)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		1,828,694
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		1,963,919
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	3,792,613

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and preceding year is as follows:

Fiscal		Percentage of		
Year Ended	Annual	Annual OPEB		Net OPEB
December 31,	 OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed		Obligation
2009	\$ 2,375,664	23.02 %	6 \$	3,792,613
2008	2,406,335	18.39		1,963,919

The Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45 in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008.

E. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

			Tra	nsfers In				
Transfer Out		General Fund		Highway Fund	Pro	Capital ojects Fund		Total
General Fund Special Districts Fund Special Purpose Fund	\$	41,500	\$	436,171 - -	\$	125,583 86,583	\$	561,754 86,583 41,500
	\$	41,500	\$	436,171	\$	212,166	<u>\$</u>	689,837

Transfers are used to 1) move funds from the fund with collection authorization to the funds where additional amounts are needed and 2) to move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects and Debt Service funds expenditures.

F. Net Assets

The components of net assets are detailed below:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - the component of net assets that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Repairs - the component of net assets that has been established in accordance with the General Municipal Law of the State of New York. The amount may only be used for repairs in the Town's Park and Water Districts and only with approval of the Town Board.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of the net assets that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Future Capital Projects - the component of net assets that has been established in accordance with General Municipal Law. The amount may only be used for capital projects and only with the approval of the Town Board.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net assets that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Special Revenue Funds - the component of net assets that represents funds restricted for specific purposes under New York State law or by external parties and/or statutes.

Unrestricted - all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

G. Fund Balances

Certain elements of reserved fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the statement of net assets but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below. The unreserved components of fund balance are also detailed below.

Reserved

The Reserve for Prepaid Expenditures has been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The reserve indicates that the funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

The Reserve for Advances has been established to indicate the long-term nature of funds advanced to the Capital Projects and Highway Funds. The funds do not represent "available" spendable resources even through they are a component of current assets.

The Reserve for Parklands has been established pursuant to New York State Law. These amounts represent funds received by the Town in lieu of parklands as a condition precedent to the approval of a parcel by the Planning Board. These funds may be used only for recreation purposes.

Unreserved - Designations

Designations of fund balance are not legally required segregations but represent intended use for a specific purpose. The Town Board has designated that \$104,847 of the fund balance of the General Fund be used for future recycling projects. At December 31, 2009 the Town Board has also designated that \$30,000 of the fund balance of the General Fund and \$10,000 of the fund balance of the Special Districts Fund be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The Town, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages occurring from false arrest, property damage or personal injury. All the claims currently pending have been referred to the insurance carrier and none are expected to have a material effect on the Town's financial position, if adversely settled.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

There are also currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the Town if existing assessment rolls are modified based upon the outcome of the litigation proceedings. The amount of possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time and any refunds resulting from adverse settlements will be funded in the year in which the payments are made.

B. Risk Management

The Town purchases conventional insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Town maintains general liability and umbrella policies with coverage up to \$2 million and \$20 million, respectively. Workers' compensation coverage is secured at statutory levels. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town also purchases conventional health insurance coverage for employees from various providers.

C. Contingencies

The Town participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Town anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	Actu	arial	 	Unfunded				Unfunded Liability as a
Valuation Date		ue of sets	 Accrued Liability	 Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio		Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
January 1, 2009 January 1, 2008	\$	-	\$ 23,757,896 23,757,896	\$ 23,757,896 23,757,896	- 9 -	6 9	4,469,517 4,469,517	531.55 % 531.55

Note - The Town implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 in fiscal year ended December 31, 2008.



GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

		2009		2008
ASSETS				
Cash:				
Demand deposits	\$	734,207	\$	182,719
Time deposits		119,369	,	115,792
Petty cash		1,000		1,000
		854,576		299,511
			-	200,077
Receivables:				
Accounts		178,087		193,110
State and Federal aid Due from other funds		53,405		15,000
Advances to other funds		3,676,006		3,830,133
Advances to other funds	•	930,285		1,461,573
		4,837,783		5,499,816
Prepaid Expenditures		290,106		288,088
Total Assets	\$	5,982,465	. \$	6,087,415
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Lighiliting				
Liabilities: Accounts payable	ተ	400.045	Φ.	444.700
Accrued liabilities	\$	128,615	\$	141,768
Deferred revenues		80,349		- 29,987
Due to other funds		1,054,361		1,048,244
Total Liabilities		1,263,325		1,219,999
F 181				
Fund Balance:		000 400		
Reserved for prepaid expenditures Reserved for advances		290,106		288,088
Reserved for debt service		930,285		1,461,573
Unreserved:		185,603		183,765
Designated for future recycling projects		104,847		115,792
Designated for subsequent years expenditure		30,000		~
Undesignated		3,178,299		2,818,198
Total Fund Balance		4,719,140		4,867,416
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	5,982,465	\$	6,087,415

GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

				:	2009			
Revenues:	Origina Budgel		Fina Budg	ıl		Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive vegative)
Real property taxes	\$ 7,089,	317	\$ 7,089	217	\$	7,089,318	¢	4
Other tax items	Ψ 7,009,\ 50,0),000	φ	59,921	\$	9,921
Non-property taxes	151,8			1,800		192,507		40,707
Departmental income	964,0		1,004			868,710		(135,553)
Use of money and property	165,0			5,000		99,779		(65,221)
Licenses and permits		300		1,800		2,360		560
Fines and forfeitures	422,0			2,000		439,597		17,597
Sale of property and	,			.,		400,007		17,007
compensation for loss		-		_		38,439		38,439
State aid	645,9	920	686	5,555		483,592		(202,963)
Miscellaneous				500		70,214		28,714
Total Revenues	9,489,9	910	9,612	2,235		9,344,437		(267,798)
Expenditures:								
Current:						1		
General government support	2,863,3	341	3,016	.495		2,995,191		21,304
Public safety	3,569,3		3,263			3,250,359		12,922
Health		320		,320		4,072		2,248
Transportation	241,5			,527		229,172		12,355
Economic opportunity and development	27,5			,000		29,000		1,000
Culture and recreation	1,433,1	101	1,346	-		1,327,873		19,040
Home and community services	462,€			,213		347,150		8,063
Employee benefits - Undistributed	311,1	801	342	,347		341,257		1,090
Debt service:								
Principal	276,3	310	276	,310		276,310		-
Interest	173,0	38	172	,075		172,075		
Total Expenditures	9,364,3	327	9,050	,481_		8,972,459		78,022
Excess of Revenues			•					
Over Expenditures	125,5	83	561	,754		371,978		(490.776)
Over Experialtures	120,0	103	301	,754		371,976		(189,776)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		_		_		41,500		41,500
Transfers out	(125,5	i83)	(561	,754)		(561,754)		41,500
								
Total Other Financing Uses	(125,5	83)	(561	,754)		(520,254)		41,500
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		(148,276)		(148,276)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		<u> </u>				4,867,416		1,867,416
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	4,719,140	\$ 4	I,719,140
			·····					

			2008		
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	7,387,714 53,800 88,000 680,891 165,000 1,800 160,800	\$ 7,387,71 53,80 88,00 680,89 165,00 1,80 298,67	0 0 1 1 0 0	7,387,715 72,314 179,703 644,701 201,687 2,415 236,208	\$ 1 18,514 91,703 (36,190) 36,687 615 (62,467)
_	734,402 500	834,83 50		23,526 652,131 218,795	23,526 (182,702) 218,295
	9,272,907	9,511,21	3	9,619,195	107,982
	2,568,255 3,465,738 6,320 239,063 27,500 1,529,033 510,007	2,657,75 3,463,50 6,48 257,32 27,50 1,443,85 531,33	0 5 6 0 9	2,372,320 3,223,851 4,434 255,373 26,760 1,304,335 395,574	285,431 239,649 2,051 1,953 740 139,524 135,757
	311,108 303,101 187,199	311,11 303,10 188,66	2	293,106 287,228 183,219	18,004 15,874 5,447
	9,147,324	9,190,63	<u> </u>	8,346,200	844,430
	125,583	320,58	3	1,272,995	952,412
	(125,583)	(320,58	<u>-</u> 3)	(320,583)	
	(125,583)	(320,58	3)	(320,583)	
	-		-	952,412	952,412
			<u> </u>	3,915,004	3,915,004
<u>\$</u>	-	\$	<u> \$ </u>	4,867,416	\$ 4,867,416

TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (With Comparative Actuals for 2008)

REAL PROPERTY TAXES	Original Budget 7,089,317	Final Budget \$ 7,089,317	Actual \$ 7,089,318	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2008 Actual \$ 7,387,715
OTHER TAX ITEMS Interest and penalties on real property taxes	20,000	50,000	59,921	9,921	72,314
NON-PROPERTY TAXES					
Franchise tees — DEPARTMENTAL INCOME	151,800	151,800	192,507	40,707	179,703
Town Clerk and other fees	6,784	6,784	13,290	6,506	8.215
Interdepartmental charges Police and doe named food	482,332	482,332	373,368	(108,964)	180,488
Police and dog pound rees	2,100	2,100	2,335	235	2,258
Salety inspection rees Vital statistics fees	95,000	95,000	84,260	(10,740)	71,765
Culture and recreation fees	260,800	- 080 800	609	(40 000)	- 00 000
Planning board and other fees	22,000	22,000	20,000	(10,822)	12 450
	85,057	125,247	102,229	(23,018)	89,407
***	10,000	10,000	22,645	12,645	26,434
**	964,073	1,004,263	868,710	(135,553)	644,701

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TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES COMPARED TO BUDGET (Continued) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (With Comparative Actuals for 2008)

Original Final Budget Budget	•	- \$ - pun-	OTHER \$ 9,489,910 \$ 9,612,235
Original	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	Transfers in - Special Purpose Fund	TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
		\$	\$ 9,612,235
Actual		41,500	9,385,937
Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		€	\$ (267,798)
2008 Actual		₩	\$ 9,619,195

TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (With Comparative Actuals for 2008)

		Original Budget	ļ	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	e with idget ve ive)		2008 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT			·							
Town Board	↔	130,382	↔	107,869	↔	107,665	s)	204	69	116,804
Town Justice		512,351		512,338		511,556		782		266,585
Supervisor		134,970		143,326		143,002		324		135,686
Finance		158,733		149,761		149,757		4		146,411
Audit		28,950		28,950		28,950		,		28,250
Tax collection		70,269		50,269		49,992		277		56,599
Budget Director		8,939		8,939		8,834		105		8,879
Assessor		202,725		200,751		193,255		7,496		189,121
Town Clerk		207,420		209,738		203,068		6,670		203,840
Town Attorney		150,000		216,405		216,405		1		232,512
Personnei		28,000		32,000		31,559		441		28,727
Engineering		20,000		3,226		3,226		•		17,190
Records management		35,839		31,839		31,616		223		27,527
Buildings		339,431		253,800		253,110		069		271,431
Central garage		535,332		639,517		639,105		412		494,572
Central communications		2,500		5,046		4,354		692		2,256
Central printing and mailing		35,000		43,457		43,457		•		48,381
Central data processing		60,000		79,466		79,466		•		59,599
Unallocated insurance		25,000						٠		
Municipal association dues		1,500		1,500		1,500		,		1.500
Judgments and claims		45,000		265,200		264,202		966		20.904
Purchase of land		1,000		1,000		ı		1,000		
Town code		30,000		22,847		22,847				15,546
Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax		•		000'6		8,265		735		
Contingency		100,000		251				251		-
		2,863,341		3,016,495		2,995,191	2	21,304		2,372,320

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Police Less - Transfers to Debt Service	3,394,881 (54,973)	3,090,429 (54,010)	3,090,093 (54,010)	336	3,079,011 (54,520)
	3,339,908	3,036,419	3,036,083	336	3,024,491
Traffic control	8,500	9,384	9,384	٠	9,444
Fire prevention and control	27,788	17,788	17,521	267	15,348
Animal control	38,643	39,936	38,557	1,379	30,787
Safety inspection	151,554	152,094	144,154	7,940	143,781
Demolitions of unsafe buildings	3,000	3,000	•	3,000	
Other	•	4,660	4,660		*
НЕАLTH	3,569,393	3,263,281	3,250,359	12,922	3,223,851
Registrar of Vital Statistics	4 300	V 300	070 8	0,0	7
DARE program	2,000	2,000	7/0'+	2,000	4,434
TRANSPORTATION	6,320	6,320	4,072	2,248	4,434
rignway Administration	158,526	158,527	153,862	4,665	156,866
Garage Street lighting	73,000	73,000	66,235	6,765	88,230
	000,0	000,01	6,0,9	C78	10,277
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT	241,526	241,527	229,172	12,355	255,373
Veterans' services	1,000	1,000	,	1.000	260
Programs for the aging	24,000	24,000	24,000	j 1	24,000
Ourreach program	2,500	5,000	5,000	Ť	2,500
	27,500	30,000	29,000	1,000	26,760
					(Continued)

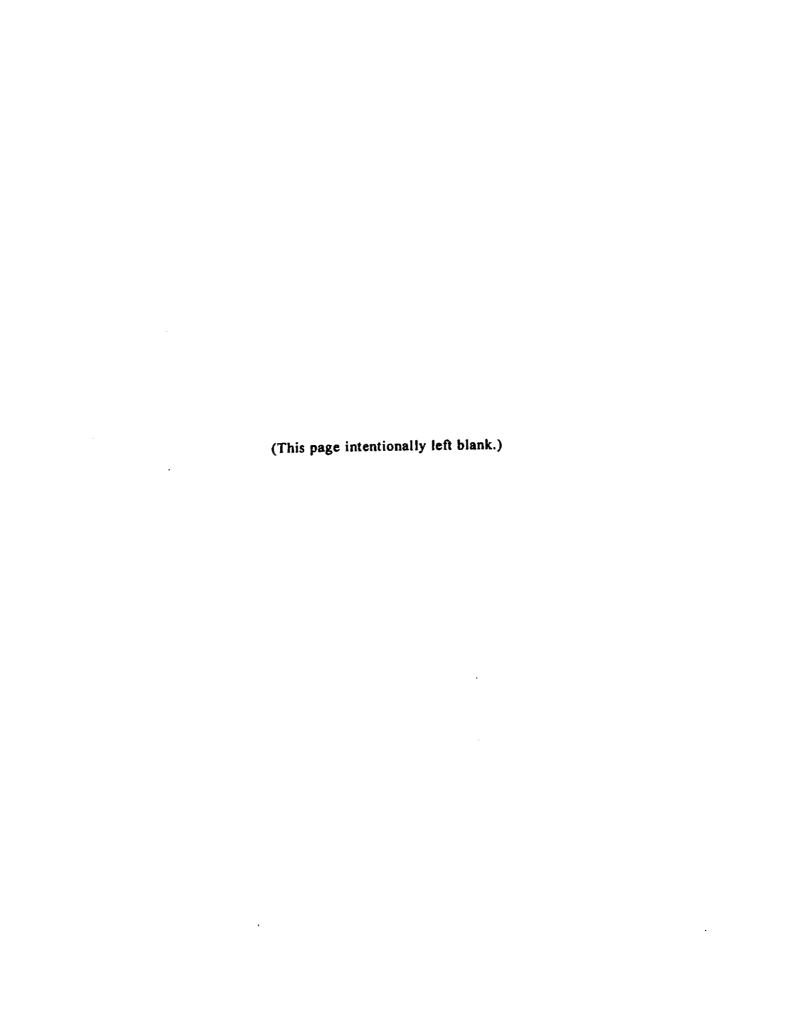
TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES COMPARED TO BUDGET (Continued) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (With Comparative Actuals for 2008)

		i	_		Variance with Final Budget		
CULTURE AND RECREATION	Onginal Budget	Budget	 - or	Actual	Positive (Negative)		2008 Actual
Parks Less - Transfers to Debt Service	\$ 362,904	\$ 380	380,080	\$ 379,733	\$ 347	↔	321,262 (11,989)
	362,904	380	380,080	379,733	347		309,273
Recreation administration Recreation buildings operations	141,958 14,431	137	137,587 15,394	131,503 15,394	6,084		122,924 14,940
Youth programs Library	301,601 548,047	223 548	223,001 548,047	222,501 541,817	500 6,230		253,913 539,925
Historian Celebrations	13,312 20,000	1. 45	7,312 15,800	6,597 15,786	715		27,920 17,968
Adult recreation	30,848	14	19,692	14,542	5,150		17,472
	1,433,101	1,346	,346,913	1,327,873	19,040		1,304,335
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES							
Zoning and appeals	19,500	ω	8,221	8,221	¥		18,228
Planning Board	250,345	102	102,894	102,894	ř (160,281
New York City Watershed	150	Č	150	• 0	150		1 .
Landfill	25,000	8 4	38,550 18,100	38,560 18,023	- 77		22,411 18,882
Recycling	85,057	142	142,418	142,418	. 1		62,029
Beautification	10,000	1	10,000	5,092	4,908		2,325
Code enforcement	28,350	28	28,350	25,765	2,585		27,057
Conservation advisory	770		770	432	338		252
Comprehensive plan	•		•	•	•		33,880
Grants to Cooperating municipalities	11,518			•	1		26,196
General natural resources	•		750	745	വ		19,033
Cemeteries	5,000	ų	5,000	2,000	•		5,000
	2,000		·	-		ŀ	
	462,690	355	355,213	347,150	8,063	ļ	395,574

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - UNDISTRIBUTED

3,930 930 829 101 3,209 10,000 - - 329 2,123 2,123 2,072 51 2,091 293,555 327,794 327,794 - 287,227 1,500 11,500 10,562 938 250	311,108 342,347 341,257 1,090 293,106	276,310 276,310 276,310 - 287,228 173,038 172,075 172,075 - 183,219	449,348 448,385 448,385 - 470,447	9,364,327 9,050,481 8,972,459 78,022 8,346,200		- 436,171 436,171 - 320,583 - 320,583	125,583 561,754 561,754 - 320,583	\$ 9,489,910 \$ 9,612,235 \$ 9,534,213 \$ 78,022 \$ 8,666,783
	DEBT SERVICE		•		OTHER FINANCING USES			9,489,910 \$



HIGHWAY FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2009 and 2008

<u>ASSETS</u>		2009		2008
Due from Other Funds	\$	527,951	\$	69,117
Prepaid Expenditures	·	175,053	<u></u>	174,842
Total Assets	\$	703,004	\$	243,959
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Advances from other funds	\$	17,405 4,956 57,056	\$	31,237 - 212,722 436,171
Total Liabilities		79,417		680,130
Fund Balance (Deficit): Reserved for prepaid expenditures Unreserved and undesignated		175,053 448,534		174,842 (611,013)
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		623,587		(436,171)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	703,004	\$	243,959

SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - SUB FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (With Comparative Totals for 2008)

		Fire Protec	tion [Districts		Park D	istric	ts
		Lake Carmel		Kent		Lake Carmel		Lake Tibet
Revenues: Real property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss	\$	821,400 - 78	\$	469,950 - 100 -	\$	559,739 14,614 5,140	\$	18,700 - 928 -
Miscellaneous						3,975	_	-
Total Revenues		821,478		470,050		583,468		19,628
Expenditures: Current:				, i				
Public safety Culture and recreation Home and community services		820,336 -		468,300		404,721		- 27,087
Employee benefits Debt service:		-		-		90,936		-
Principal Interest		-		<u>-</u>	·	40,000 5,524		
Total Expenditures		820,336		468,300		541,181		27,087
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,142		1,750		42,287		(7,459)
Other Financing Uses - Transfers out						(86,583)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,142		1,750		(44,296)		(7,459)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		8,628		3,834		248,022		76,545
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	9,770	\$	5,584	\$	203,726	\$	69,086

_	Water	District	s		Lake Carmel	 Т	otals	
	Romanoff	<u>L</u>	eeside		Sanitation District	2009		2008
\$	45,078 - 634	\$	46,125 200 802	\$	1,473,653 - 7,749	\$ 3,434,645 14,814 15,431	\$	3,377,917 17,663 33,044
	-		<u>-</u> -		2,447	 2,447 3,975		23,631 1,698
	45,712		47,127		1,483,849	 3,471,312		3,453,953
	-		-		-	1,288,636		1,301,723
	37,083		30,936		- 960,898	431,808 1,028,917		447,301 1,109,032
	· -		· -		282,128	373,064		374,848
	- · -		<u>-</u>		51,496 875	 91,496 6,399		91,496 9,565
	37,083		30,936	<u></u>	1,295,397	3,220,320	-	3,333,965
	8,629		16,191		188,452	250,992		119,988
					-	 (86,583)		(25,000)
	8,629		16,191		188,452	164,409		94,988
	51,249		65,507		192,906	 646,691		551,703
<u>\$</u>	59,878	\$	81,698	\$	381,358	\$ 811,100	\$	646,691

SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND - LAKE CARMEL FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

			20	009			
		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fir I	iance with lal Budget Positive legative)
Revenues:							
Real property taxes	\$	821,400	\$ 821,400	\$	821,400	\$	_
Use of money and property		600	 600		78		(522)
Total Revenues		822,000	822,000		821,478		(522)
Expenditures -							
Current - Public safety		822,000	 822,000		820,336		1,664
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	-		1,142		1,142
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		-	 <u> </u>	<u> </u>	8,628		8,628
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u>\$</u>		\$ <u> </u>	\$	9,770	\$	9,770

			20	008		
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	821,400 600	\$ —	821,400 600	\$	821,400 199	\$ - (401)
	822,000		822,000		821,599	(401)
_	822,000		822,000		822,853	(853)
	-		-		(1,254)	(1,254)
					9,882	9,882
\$		\$		\$	8,628	\$ 8,628

SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND - KENT FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

		20	09				
	 Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fina Po	ince with I Budget ositive gative)	
Revenues:							
Real property taxes	\$ 469,950	\$ 469,950	\$	469,950	\$	-	
Use of money and property	 350	 350		100		(250)	
Total Revenues	470,300	470,300		470,050		(250)	
Expenditures - Current -						÷	
Public safety	 470,300	 470,300		468,300	-	2,000	
Excess of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	-	-		1,750		1,750	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 <u> </u>	~		3,834		3,834	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	5,584	\$	5,584	

	 20	08			
 Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
\$ 479,700 350	\$ 479,700 350	\$	479,700 178	\$	- (172)
480,050	480,050		479,878		(172)
 480,050	 480,050		478,870		1,180
-	-		1,008		1,008
 	 · -		2,826		2,826
\$ _	\$ 	\$	3,834	\$	3,834

SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND - LAKE CARMEL PARK DISTRICT COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

	 		2	2009			
David	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Real property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation	\$ 559,739 15,000 8,000	\$	559,739 15,000 8,000	\$	559,739 14,614 5,140	\$	(386) (2,860)
for loss State aid Miscellaneous	15,000 1,200		15,000 1,200		3,975		(15,000) 2,775
Total Revenues	 598,939		598,939		583,468		(15,471)
Expenditures: Current: Culture and recreation Employee benefits	440,354 111,685		440,204 111,835		404,721 90,936		35,483 20,899
Debt service: Principal Interest	 40,000 6,900	••	40,000 6,900		40,000 5,524		1,376
Total Expenditures	 598,939		598,939		541,181		57,758
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-		-		42,287		42,287
Other Financing Uses - Transfers out	<u> </u>		(86,583)		(86,583)		_
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		(86,583)		(44,296)		42,287
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			86,583		248,022		161,439
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$	-	\$	203,726	\$	203,726

2008											
Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
\$	547,619 15,000 8,000	\$	547,619 15,000 8,000	\$	547,619 17,663 13,039	\$	2,663 5,039				
	15,000 1,200		15,000 1,200	<u> </u>	7,037 - 1,698		7,037 (15,000) 498				
	586,819		586,819		587,056		237				
	427,710		427,710		442,462		(44.750)				
	111,065		111,065		89,494		(14,752) 21,571				
	40,000 8,044		40,000 8,044		40,000 6,919		- 1,125				
	586,819		586,819		578,875		7,944				
	-		-		8,181		8,181				
					(25,000)		(25,000)				
			-		(16,819)		(16,819)				
	_				264,841		264,841				
\$		\$	-	\$	248,022	<u>\$</u>	248,022				

SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND - LAKE TIBET PARK DISTRICT COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

	2009							
Davenuas		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Real property taxes	\$	18,700	\$	18,700	\$	18,700	\$	
Use of money and property	<u>-</u>	100	Ψ	100	Ψ ——	928	Ψ	828
Total Revenues		18,800		18,800		19,628		828
Expenditures - Current -								
Culture and recreation		18,800		32,749		27,087		5,662
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		-		(13,949)		(7,459)		6,490
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>		13,949		76,545		62,596
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	69,086	\$	69,086

			20	008				
Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$	20,400 100	\$	20,400	\$	20,400 1,405	\$	- 1,305	
	20,500		20,500		21,805		1,305	
	20,500		20,500		4,839		15,661	
	-		-		16,966		16,966	
	-	<u> </u>	-		59,579		59,579	
\$	-	\$	· <u>-</u>	\$	76,545	\$	76,545	

SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND - ROMANOFF WATER DISTRICT COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

		2009							
Revenues:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Fir (riance with bal Budget Positive legative)	
Real property taxes Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss	\$	45,078 250	\$	45,078 250	\$	45,078 634	\$	384	
Total Revenues		45,328		45,328		45,712		384	
Expenditures - Current - Home and community services		45,328		45,328		37,083		8,245	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		~		-		8,629		8,629	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		<u>.</u>				51,249		51,249	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	59,878	\$	59,878	

			20	800				
	Original Budget	Final Budget				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$	45,078 250	\$	45,078 250	\$	45,078 1,162	\$	- 912	
	-				862		862	
	45,328		45,328		47,102		1,774	
	45,328		45,328		28,442		16,886	
	-		-		18,660		18,660	
			-		32,589		32,589	
\$		\$	-	\$	51,249	\$	51,249	

SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND - LEESIDE WATER DISTRICT COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

	2009							
·_	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:			_					
Real property taxes	\$	46,125	\$	46,125	\$	46,125	\$	-
Use of money and property		250		250		802		552
Total Revenues		46,375		46,375		47,127		752
Expenditures - Current -								
Home and community services		46,375		46,375		30,936		15,439
Excess of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		-		-		16,191		16,191
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		<u>.</u>				65,507		65,507
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	-	\$		\$	81,698	\$	81,698

	2008											
Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
\$	46,094 250	\$	46,094 250	\$	46,094 1,714	\$	1,464					
	46,344		46,344		47,808		1,464					
	46,344		46,344		19,869		26,475					
	-		-		27,939		27,939					
	<u>-</u>				37,568	-	37,568					
\$	_	\$	<u>,,</u>	\$	65,507	\$	65,507					

SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND - LAKE CARMEL SANITATION DISTRICT COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
\$	1,473,653 12,000	\$	1,473,653 12,000	\$	1,473,653 7,749	\$	- (4,251)
	14,200		14,200	_	2,447		(11,753)
	1,499,853		1,499,853		1,483,849		(16,004)
	1,119,927		1,118,927		960,898		158,029
	326,871		326,871		282,128		44,743
	50,574		51,574		51,496		78
	2,481		2,481		875		1,606
	1,499,853		1,499,853		1,295,397		204,456
	-		-		188,452		188,452
	4						
					192,906		192,906
\$_		\$	-	\$	381,358	\$	381,358
	\$	\$ 1,473,653 12,000 14,200 1,499,853 1,119,927 326,871 50,574 2,481	Budget \$ 1,473,653 \$ 12,000 14,200 1,499,853 1,119,927 326,871 50,574 2,481	Original Budget Final Budget \$ 1,473,653 12,000 \$ 1,473,653 12,000 14,200 14,200 1,499,853 1,499,853 1,119,927 326,871 1,118,927 326,871 50,574 2,481 51,574 2,481	Budget Budget \$ 1,473,653 \$ 1,473,653 \$ 12,000 \$ 12,000 14,200	Original Budget Final Budget Actual \$ 1,473,653 12,000 \$ 1,473,653 12,000 \$ 1,473,653 7,749 14,200 14,200 2,447 1,499,853 1,499,853 1,483,849 1,119,927 326,871 326,871 282,128 50,574 2,481 51,574 2,481 51,496 875 1,499,853 1,499,853 1,295,397 - - 188,452 - - 192,906	Original Budget Final Budget Actual Value \$ 1,473,653 12,000 \$ 1,473,653 12,000 \$ 1,473,653 7,749 \$ 1,473,653 12,000 \$ 1,473,653 7,749 \$ 1,473,653 7,749 \$ 1,473,653 7,749 \$ 1,473,653 7,749 \$ 1,473,653 7,749 \$ 1,473,653 7,749 \$ 1,447,499 \$ 1,447,499 \$ 1,447,499 \$ 1,448,499 \$ 1,448,499 \$ 1,449,499 \$ 1,499,499 \$ 1,

			2008	}			
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
\$	1,417,626 12,000	\$	1,417,626 12,000	\$	1,417,626 15,347	\$	3,347
	1,200		1,200		15,732		14,532
	1,430,826		1,430,826		1,448,705		17,879
	1,055,489 319,980		1,060,899 314,570		1,060,721 285,354		178 29,216
	51,496 3,861	-	51,496 3,861		51,496 2,646		- 1,215
	1,430,826		1,430,826		1,400,217		30,609
	-		-		48,488		48,488
	<u>-</u>		 		144,418	<u></u>	144,418
\$	-	\$		\$	192,906	<u>\$</u>	192,906

SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

<u>ASSETS</u>	 2009	 2008
Cash - Demand deposits	\$ 102,329	\$ 138,000
FUND BALANCE		
Reserved for Parklands	\$ 102,329	\$ 138,000

SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

	2009		 2008
Revenues: Use of money and property Departmental income	\$	329 5,500	\$ <u>-</u>
Total Revenues		5,829	-
Expenditures		-	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		5,829	-
Other Financing Uses - Transfers out		(41,500)	 _
Net Change in Fund Balance		(35,671)	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		138,000	 138,000
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	102,329	\$ 138,000

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

<u>ASSETS</u>	 2009	2008		
Cash - Time Deposits	\$ 460,756	\$_	331,059	
Receivables: Due from other governments State and Federal aid Due from other funds	 - - 1,017,011		1,062 4,250 1,015,949	
	 1,017,011		1,021,261	
Total Assets	\$ 1,477,767	\$	1,352,320	
LIABILITIES AND FUND DEFICIT				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deferred revenues Retainage payable Due to other funds Advances from other funds	\$ 12,998 63,045 - 1,331,724 930,285	\$	7,322 220,000 1,041,582 1,025,402	
Total Liabilities	2,338,052		2,294,306	
Fund Deficit - Unreserved and undesignated	 (860,285)		(941,986)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Deficit	\$ 1,477,767	\$	1,352,320	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

		2009	2008		
Revenues: State aid Miscellaneous	\$	197,775 2,057	\$	181,614 19,560	
Total Revenues		199,832		201,174	
Expenditures - Capital outlay		330,297		768,354	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(130,465)		(567,180)	
Other Financing Sources: Bonds issued Transfers in		212,166		237,977 345,583	
Total Other Financing Sources		212,166		583,560	
Net Change in Fund Balance		81,701		16,380	
Fund Deficit - Beginning of Year		(941,986)		(958,366)	
Fund Deficit - End of Year	\$	(860,285)	\$	(941,986)	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND PROJECT-LENGTH SCHEDULE INCEPTION OF PROJECT THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2009

PROJECT		Project Budget		Expenditures and Transfers	Unexpended Balance	
Inactive Projects: Town Hall Ryans Park Parks Projects Highway Repairs	\$	11,325,012 117,670 246,353 76,705	\$	12,373,522 154,679 104,321 1,121	\$	(1,048,510) (37,009) 142,032 75,584
Road Construction		31,778		31,799		75,564 (21)
Subtotal		11,797,518	-	12,665,442		(867,924)
Active Projects: Highway Repairs - 2009 Huestis Park Recreation Building Roof Lake Carmel Gate Valves Town Center Generator North Cove Project Lake Carmel Community Center Ludington Mill Stone 640 Route 52 Old Firebouse		177,411 35,000 35,500 300,000 70,000 490,000 25,000 5,000		177,411 9,371 31,895 313,284 - 33,672		25,629 3,605 (13,284) 70,000 456,328 25,000 5,000
640 Route 52 Old Firehouse		400,000	_	6,953		393,047
Totals	\$	13,335,429	\$	13,238,028	\$	97,401

Methods of Financing											
Interfund Transfers		Proceeds of Obligations		State and Federal Aid		Other		Totals		Fund Balance (Deficit) at December 31, 2009	
\$	2,924,355 73,000 - 76,705 - 3,074,060	\$	5,000,000 34,870 - - - 5,034,870	\$	2,460,246 - - 31,778 2,492,024	\$	940,411 9,800 246,353 - - - 1,196,564	\$	11,325,012 117,670 246,353 76,705 31,778	\$	(1,048,510) (37,009) 142,032 75,584 (21) (867,924)
	86,583 40,000 - 25,000 5,000		- - 200,000 - - - - -		177,411 9,371 - - 12,055 - - 3,188		21,617 - - - 21,617		177,411 9,371 - 286,583 40,000 33,672 25,000 5,000 3,188		- (31,895) (26,701) 40,000 - 25,000 5,000 (3,765)
\$	3,230,643	\$	5,234,870	\$	2,694,049	\$	1,218,181	\$	12,377,743	\$	(860,285)