TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

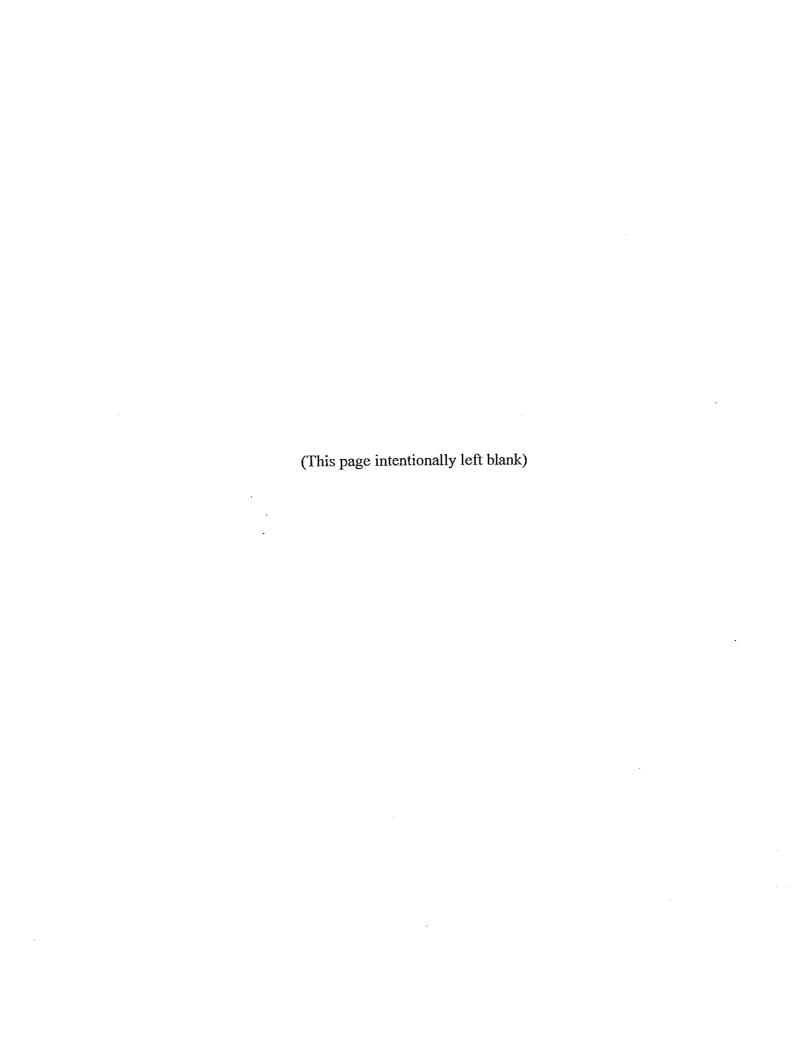
WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Supervisor and Town Board of the Town of Kent, New York:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Kent, New York ("Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements and assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of December 31, 2011 and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Highway and Special Districts funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post Employment Benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

O'Connor Davies, LLP Harrison, New York

Connor Davies, UP

June 5, 2012

Town of Kent, New York Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2011

The purpose of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to provide the reader with a summary overview of the financial activities of the Town of Kent, New York (Town) for the calendar year ending December 31, 2011. The MD&A is a summary and in no way is a substitute for the detailed information presented in the basic financial statements and other financial information and the accompanying notes to the financial statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights for Calendar Year 2011

- On the government-wide financial statements, the Town had net assets (assets exceeding liabilities) of \$23,652,810 at calendar year end 2011. Unrestricted net assets, which are available to meet the ongoing obligations of the Town totaled a negative \$1,632,808. The Town's net assets decreased by \$1,324,143 from calendar year end 2010 to calendar year end 2011. This is a result of many factors, including the post employment benefit cost expense as actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45.
- The Town's governmental funds combined ending fund balances at December 31, 2011 were \$6,798,912. The total unreserved fund balances for governmental funds is \$3,212,623 at December 31, 2011.
- At the end of the current calendar year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,475,047 or 37% of the total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- The Town issued a refunding bond serial bond in the amount of \$2,875,000 during calendar year ending 2011.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Town's financial statements are composed of this MD&A and the basic financial statements. The MD&A serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The MD&A is an analysis and overview of the Town's financial activities. The basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also includes other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and are presented in a format similar to private sector financial statements.

The components of the government-wide financial statements are as follows:

- The statement of net assets reports the Town's total assets, liabilities, and the difference, or net assets. The intention is that, over time, the changes in net assets will indicate whether the Town's financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities indicates how the Town's net assets changed from the prior calendar year. Changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as uncollected taxes.

The statement of activities indicates the functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues for governmental services. The governmental activities of the Town include: general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, as do other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the Town funds can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental Funds - are used to account for the same functions as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the calendar year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and

changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains the following governmental funds: General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (including Highway Fund, Special Districts Fund and the Special Purpose Fund) and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately for each fund. Individual sub-fund data for the Special Districts Fund is provided in combining statements and schedules.

The Town adopts annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund, Highway Fund and the Special Districts Fund. Budgetary comparisons have been provided in the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements, because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The Town maintains one type of fiduciary fund, which is the Agency Fund. The Agency Fund maintains assets held for the benefit of others.

Notes to the Financial Statements - provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As indicated previously, net assets and changes to net assets over time are expected to be a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Town's net assets at calendar year end December 31, 2011 and 2010 were \$23,652,810 and \$24,976,953 respectively. Approximately 2% of the Town's 2011 net assets are restricted for various purposes (repairs, capital projects, future capital projects, debt service and special purpose). Investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, account for the majority of the total net assets. The Town uses these assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, the assets cannot be used for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A summary of the Town's net assets, at December 31, 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

Governmental Activities Net Assets

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Current Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,306,883 27,953,893	\$ 7,118,003 27,767,511
Total Assets	35,260,776	34,885,514
Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities	446,724 11,161,242	422,172 9,486,389
Total Liabilities	11,607,966	9,908,561
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	24,831,381	24,258,349
Restricted	454,237	556,519
Unrestricted	(1,632,808)	162,085
Total Net Assets	\$ 23,652,810	24,976,953

Restricted assets, which represent resources that are subject to external constraints on how they may be used, are approximately two percent of the total net assets. The unrestricted net assets, or about one percent, may be used to meet the Town's ongoing financial obligations. However, this amount is negative at December 31, 2011.

In 2011, The Town's net assets, which relate solely to governmental activities, decreased by \$1,324,143 and are discussed in the next section.

Governmental Activities - account for the decrease in the Town's net assets. A summary of the Town's change in net assets, at December 31, 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

Changes in Net Assets

	De	cember 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	
Revenues:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	936,053	\$	951,346
Operating Grants and Contributions		64,893		90,443
Capital Grants and Contributions		627,796		611,211
General Revenues:				
Real Property Taxes		14,365,771		14,292,723
State Aid - unrestricted		290,094		348,144
Other Tax Items		56,308		60,872
Non-Property Taxes		245,415		230,901
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property		38,584		53,933
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		39,439		61,947
Donated Assets		-		92,929
Miscellaneous		117,855		61,273
Total Revenues		16,782,208		16,855,722
Program Expenses:				
General Government Support		3,958,004		3,456,941
Public Safety		6,061,667		5,810,511
Health		6,658		5,783
Transportation		4,074,790		3,755,463
Economic Opportunity and Development		26,790		16,657
Culture and Recreation		1,967,601		2,005,317
Home and Community Services		1,923,281		2,352,019
Interest		<u>87,560</u>		170,288
Total Expenses		18,106,351		17,572,979
Decrease in Net Assets	\$	(1,324,143)	\$	(717,257)

The major revenue categories are: Real Property Taxes, 86%, State aid 2%, Charges for Services 6% and Capital Grants and Contributions 4%. The major expenditure categories are: Public Safety 33%, Transportation 23%, General Government Support 22%, Culture and recreation 11%, and Home and Community Services 13%.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As previously indicated, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - are used to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. The unreserved portion of fund balance can provide a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the calendar year. The Town's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$6,798,912 and \$6,743,208 at December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Approximately, \$3,212,623 or about 47% of the 2011 total constitutes unassigned fund balance. The reserved fund balances are not available for new spending, because they have been committed for 2011: non-spendable (\$795,289), restricted (\$403,726), assigned (2,387,274).

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. At the end of the calendar year, the unassigned fund balance was \$3,475,047 and the total fund balance was \$4,488,375. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. The unassigned fund balance represents approximately 77% and the total fund balance represents approximately 25% of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

The fund balance in the Town's General Fund decreased by \$506,278 during the current calendar year. The primary reasons for the decrease were the decrease in real property taxes worker's compensation reimbursement in excess of anticipated amounts and the decrease in expenditures in general government support, public safety, culture and recreation, and home and community services as compared with estimated expenditures.

The fund balance in the Town's Highway Fund increased by \$256,815 during the current calendar year. The primary reason for the fund balance increase was a decrease in current year expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original and final budgets for revenues and other financing sources is \$26,717 with the final amended budget more than the original budget. The increases relate to: sale of property and compensation for loss of \$13,690 and departmental income of \$13,027.

The difference between the original and final budgets for expenditures and other financing uses is also \$26,717 with the final amended budget more than the original budget. The differences relate to: General Government Support (increase \$184,656), Public Safety (increase \$15,934), Transportation (increase \$4,644), Culture and Recreation (decrease \$15,318), Home and Community Services (decrease \$53,930).

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

<u>Capital Assets</u> - at December 31, 2011 for governmental activities was \$35,843,639 net of accumulated depreciation of \$7,889,746. The investment in capital assets includes: land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) December 31.

	 2011	 2010
Land Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 16,824,745 8,844,029 1,435,757 849,362	\$ 16,345,620 9,182,488 1,369,921 869,482
Total Capital Assets	\$ 27,953,893	\$ 27,767,511

Additional information on the Town's capital assets is available in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Outstanding Debt - at the end of calendar year 2011, the Town had a total of \$3,251,780 general obligation bonds outstanding. All of the debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

New York State statutes place a limit on the maximum amount of total outstanding long-term debt that may be incurred by a local municipal entity at no more than seven percent of the five-year average full valuation of all real property. The Town's current constitutional debt limitation is \$129,989,318 and the Town has consumed 2.69% of the debt contracting capacity.

Additional information on the Town's debt is available in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

New construction and development continued to slow down in the Town during 2011, due to the ongoing downturn in the housing market. Interest rates remained low during the year 2011. In the last few years, the historically low interest rates had led to new and refinanced mortgages, providing significant mortgage tax revenues to the Town, this changed starting in 2009 and continued in 2011 as there has been a decline in home prices due to fear in the economy. This has caused a decrease in the number of home sales and mortgage refinancings. For 2012, the mortgage tax revenues are not expected to continue at the same levels as in previous years. There are few signs that

the housing market may rebound later in 2011, and much of the real estate activity involves sale of foreclosed homes and homes facing foreclosure.

Another major uncertainty is the cost of retirement benefits. They are increasing substantially.

The costs of employee and retiree health insurance premiums have also been escalating at the same time.

All of these factors were considered by management in preparing the Town's 2012 budget, which contained a very small increase over the 2011 budget.

After the budget for 2011 was prepared, the economy continued to decline. The various stimulus packages made some capital available for borrowing, but did not have much effect on the overall economy. Uncertainty in the economic forecasts is leading to a lack of investment and high unemployment.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the Town of Kent, New York. Questions about this report should be addressed to Katherine M. Doherty, Town Supervisor, Town of Kent, 25 Sybil's Crossing, Kent Lakes, New York 10512.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2011

ACCETO	G 	overnmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Receivables:	\$	5,912,173
Accounts State and Federal aid		286,107
Inventories		283,732 114,665
Prepaid expenses		624,699
Deferred charges		85,507
Capital assets:		·
Not being depreciated		16,824,745
Being depreciated, net		11,129,148
Total Assets		35,260,776
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		317,783
Accrued liabilities		95,743
Retainage payable		8,938
Accrued interest payable Non-current liabilities:		24,260
Due within one year		427,446
Due in more than one year		10,733,796
Total Liabilities	-	11,607,966
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt		24,831,381
Restricted for:		24,001,001
Repairs		108,967
Capital projects		50,511
Future capital projects		112
Debt service		185,603
Special purpose Unrestricted		109,044
		(1,632,808)
Total Net Assets	\$	23,652,810

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					Progra	am Revenu	es		N	et (Expense)
					C	perating		Capital		Revenue and
			С	harges for	G	rants and	G	rants and		Changes in
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ontributions		Net Assets
Governmental activities:										
General government support	\$	3,958,004	\$	44,411	\$	762	\$	-	\$	(3,912,831)
Public safety		6,061,667		630,476		1,337		372,273		(5,057,581)
Health		6,658		3,652		-		-		(3,006)
Transportation		4,074,790		-		9,970		270,846		(3,793,974)
Economic opportunity and										
development		26,790		-		-		-		(26,790)
Culture and recreation		1,967,601		115,526		22,694		-		(1,829,381)
Home and community										
services		1,923,281		141,988		30,130		(15,323)		(1,766,486)
Interest		87,560								(87,560)
Total Governmental										
Activities	\$	18,106,351	\$	936,053	\$	64,893	\$	627,796		(16,477,609)
	-	,,	Ť	000,000	<u>*</u>	01,000	<u> </u>	021,100		(10,477,000)
	Ge	neral Revenue	es:							
	F	Real property to	axes							14,365,771
	(Other tax items	; -							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		Interest and	oenal	ties on real						
		property ta	xes				_			56,308
	1	ion-property ta	xes -	- Franchise t	ees					245,415
	Ĺ	Inrestricted us	e of r	noney and p	roper	ty				38,584
	9	sale of property	y and							
		compensation								39,439
		Inrestricted Sta	ate ai	d						290,094
	٨	liscellaneous								117,855
		Total General	l Rev	enues						15,153,466
		Ohamas in Na		_4_						
		Change in Ne	K ASS	eis						(1,324,143)
	Ne	t Assets - Begi	nning	of Year						24,976,953
	Net	t Assets - Endi	ng						\$	23,652,810

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2011

ASSETS	General	Highway	Special Districts	Special Purpose
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 1,258,936	\$ -	\$ 4,087,340	\$ 109,044
Receivables: Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other funds	244,592 12,114 3,841,683	- - 1,274,474	1,039 435,621	
Advances to other funds	4,098,389	1,274,474	55,925 492,585	
Inventories	114,665			
Prepaid Expenditures	307,924	200,875	115,900	
Total Assets	\$ 5,779,914	\$ 1,475,349	\$ 4,695,825	\$ 109,044
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Retainage payable Advances from other funds	\$ 179,219 52,208 1,060,112	\$ 42,179 21,306 37,461 -	\$ 62,129 22,229 3,521,953	\$ - - - - -
Total Liabilities	1,291,539	100,946	3,606,311	
Fund Balances (Deficits): Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	422,589 185,603 405,136 3,475,047	200,875 - 1,173,528 	171,825 109,079 808,610	109,044 - -
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	4,488,375	1,374,403	1,089,514	109,044
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 5,779,914	\$ 1,475,349	\$ 4,695,825	\$ 109,044

			~
	Conital	_	Total
	Capital	Ċ	Sovernmental
_	Projects		Funds
\$	456,853	\$	5,912,173
	41,515		286,107
	270,579		283,732
	1,018,084		6,569,862
	<u>.</u>		55,925
_	1,330,178		7,195,626
	-		114,665
	<u>-</u>		624,699
\$	1,787,031	\$	13,847,163
	1,101,001	<u> </u>	10,047,100
\$	34,256	\$	317,783
Ψ	01,200	Ψ	95,743
	1,950,336		6,569,862
	8,938		8,938
	55,925		55,925
			00,020
	2,049,455		7,048,251
	-		795,289
	-		403,726
			2,387,274
	(262,424)		3,212,623
	(262 424)		6 709 012
	(262,424)		6,798,912
\$	1,787,031	\$	13,847,163



RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2011

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 6,798,912
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	27,953,893
Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Deferred charges	85,507
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(24,260)
Bonds payable	(3,122,512)
Compensated absences	(60,036)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable	 (7,978,694)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 23,652,810

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	General	Highway	Special Districts	Special Purpose
Revenues:				_
Real property taxes	\$ 7,269,288	\$ 3,656,420	\$ 3,440,063	\$ -
Other tax items	56,308	-	-	-
Non-property taxes	245,415	-	-	-
Departmental income	801,091		8,229	~
Use of money and property	38,584	2,819	6,571	499
Licenses and permits	3,219	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	541,099	-	-	-
Sale of property and				
compensation for loss	39,439	5,701	37,995	-
State aid	303,194	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	117,855	1,450	19,544	
Total Revenues	9,415,492	3,666,390_	3,512,402	499
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government support	3,275,176	-	-	-
Public safety	3,704,133	_	1,298,814	-
Health	4,958	•	-	-
Transportation	266,280	2,450,495		· _
Economic opportunity and		_,		•
development	26,790	_	_	
Culture and recreation	1,150,446	_	394,833	_
Home and community services	197,457	_	1,088,623	_
Employee benefits	457,577	851,372	478,304	_
Debt service:	407,077	001,072	470,004	_
Principal	276,652	104,618	101,113	_
Interest	96,095	3,090	5,336	_
Issuance costs	-	0,000	0,000	_
Capital outlay	_	_	_	-
Capital Gallay				
Total Expenditures	9,455,564	3,409,575	3,367,023	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(40,072)	256,815	145,379	499
Other Financing Sources:				
Refunding bonds issued				
Issuance premium	-	_	-	•
Payment to refunded bond	-	-	-	-
escrow agent				
escrow agent	-	<u>-</u> _		
Total Other Financing Sources			<u> </u>	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(40,072)	256,815	145,379	499
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	4,528,447	1,117,588	944,135	108,545
Fund Balances (Deficits) - End of Year	\$ 4,488,375	\$ 1,374,403	\$ 1,089,514	\$ 109,044

Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$ 14,365,771 56,308 245,415 809,320 48,473 3,219 541,099
583,783 44,013	83,135 886,977 182,862
627,796	17,222,579
-	3,275,176 5,002,947
-	4,958 2,716,775
_	26,790
-	1,545,279
- -	1,286,080 1,787,253
89,576 934,713	482,383 104,521 89,576 934,713
1,024,289	17,256,451
(396,493)	(33,872)
2,875,000 59,201	2,875,000 59,201
(2,844,625)	(2,844,625)
89,576	89,576
(306,917)	55,704
44,493	6,743,208
\$ (262,424)	\$ 6,798,912



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

Amounts Reported for	Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:
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Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	55,704
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. This amount may be less than the total capital outlay since capital outlay includes amounts under the capitalization threshold.	d	
Capital outlay expenditures		823,928
Depreciation expense		(637,546)
		186,382
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial sources to governmental funds, but issuance of long-term debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
Refunding bonds issued		(2,875,000)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		2,844,625
Bond issuance costs		89,576
Issuance premium		(59,201)
Principal paid on bonds		470,772
Principal paid on capital leases		11,611
Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium		(10,228)
		472,155
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest		23,117
Compensated absences		263
Other post employment benefit obligations		(2,061,764)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		(2,038,384)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	(1,324,143)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL, HIGHWAY AND SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	General Fund			
Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Real property taxes	\$ 7,266,803	\$ 7,266,803	\$ 7,269,288	\$ 2,485
Other tax items	72,000	72.000	56,308	(15,692)
Non-property taxes	200,000	200,000	245,415	45,415
Departmental income	882,581	895,608	801,091	(94,517)
Use of money and property	100,700	100,700	38,584	(62,116)
Licenses and permits	1,800	1,800	3,219	1,419
Fines and forfeitures	500,000	500,000	541,099	41,099
Sale of property and compensation for loss	200,000	13,690	39,439	25,749
State aid	291,500	291,500	303,194	11,694
Miscellaneous			117,855	117,855
Total Revenues	9,315,384	9,342,101	9,415,492	73,391
Expenditures: Current:				
General government support	3,123,253	3,307,909	3,275,176	32,733
Public safety	3,736,946	3,752,880	3,704,133	48,747
Health	6.376	6,404	4,958	1,446
Transportation	252,704	257,348	266,280	(8,932)
Economic opportunity and development	27,500	27,500	26,790	710
Culture and recreation	1,355,167	1,239,849	1,150,446	89,403
Home and community services	289,775	235,845	197,457	38,388
Employee benefits	. 381,347	391,415	457,577	(66,162)
Debt service:	:	,		(,,
Principal	241,652	276,652	276,652	_
Interest	150,664	96,299	96,095	204
Total Expenditures	9,565,384	9,592,101	9,455,564	136,537
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(250,000)	(250,000)	(40,072)	209,928
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	250,000	250,000	4,528,447	4,278,447
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 4,488,375	\$ 4,488,375

Highway Fund				Special D	istricts Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	3,656,420	\$ 3,656,420	\$ 3,656,420	\$ - -	\$ 3,440,064	\$ 3,440,064	\$ 3,440,063	\$ (1)
	20,000	20,000	- 2,819 -	- - (17,181) -	10,000 9,250	10,000 9,476	8,229 6,571	(1,771) (2,905)
	600	600	5,701	5,101	2,500	2,500	37,995	35,495
	<u>-</u>		1,450	1,450	6,000	22,154	19,544	(2,610)
	3,677,020	3,677,020	3,666,390	(10,630)	3,467,814	3,484,194	3,512,402	28,208
	-	-	-	-	1,296,250	1,269,250	1,298,814	(29,564)
	2,659,269	2,675,556	2,450,495	225,061	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	- 468,584	468,030	- 394,833	- 73,197
	919,935	892,037	. 851,372	40,665	1,120,420 501,986	1,131,455 507,885	1,088,623 478,304	42,832 - 29,581
	93,007 4,809	104,618 4,809	104,618 3,090	1,719	101,113 6,461	101,113 6,461	101,113 5,336	1,125
	3,677,020	3,677,020	3,409,575	267,445	3,494,814	3,484,194	3,367,023	117,171
	-	-	256,815	256,815	(27,000)	-	145,379	145,379
			1,117,588	1,117,588			944,135	944,135
\$	-	\$ -	\$ \$1,374,403	\$ 1,374,403	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,089,514	\$ 1,089,514

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2011

Cash:	<u>ASSETS</u>		Agency
Demand deposits Time deposits		\$	626,310 41,131
			667,441
Accounts Receivable			142,370
Total Assets	•	\$	809,811
	LIABILITIES		
Deposits Payable Employee Payroll Deductions		\$ ·	790,665 19,146
Total Liabilities		\$	809,811

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Kent, New York ("Town") was established in 1817 and operates in accordance with Town Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Town Board is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Town Supervisor serves as both the chief executive and chief financial officer. The Town provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Town, b) organizations for which the Town is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Town, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Town's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the Town's reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Town as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the Town at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Town maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Town's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Town's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Town and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue funds of the Town are as follows:

Highway Fund - The Highway Fund is used to account for road and bridge maintenance and improvements as defined in the Highway Law of the State of New York.

Special Districts Fund - The Special Districts Fund is provided to account for the operation and maintenance of the Town's fire protection, park, water and sanitation districts.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Town in accordance with terms of a trust agreement.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Agency Fund is used to account for employee payroll tax withholdings and various other deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial reports.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus and utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations payable are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Fund Balances

Deposits and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The Town's investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Town has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Town is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Town has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Town's name. The Town's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2011.

The Town was invested only in the above mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate risk.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied on January 1st. The Town collects county, town, highway and special districts taxes which are levied and due January 1st and payable without penalty to January 31st. The Town retains the total amount of town, highway and special districts taxes from the total collections and returns the balance plus the uncollected items to the County which assumes collection responsibility.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Town. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the Town has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of December 31, 2011 balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Advances To/From Other Funds - Advances to/from other funds represent loans to other funds, which are not expected to be repaid within the subsequent annual operating cycle. The advances are offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements which indicates that the funds are not "available" for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Inventories - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out(FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Reported amounts in the fund financial statements are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption methods in both the government wide and the fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in the fund financial statements are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities, the Town chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Town was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life <u>in Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Infrastructure	50

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Long-Term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide statement of net assets as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Assets - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets on the Statement of Net Assets include, invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted for repairs, capital projects, future capital projects, debt service and special purpose funds. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balances - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law.

Committed fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. These funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain designations established and approved by the entity's governing board.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the entity's highest level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. This classification will include amounts designated for balancing the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Town's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Town's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is June 5, 2012.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Town generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before September 30th, the Supervisor shall submit a tentative budget to the Town Clerk.
- b) On or before October 5th, the Town Clerk shall present the tentative budget to the Town Board.
- c) Once the tentative budget is approved by the Town Board, it becomes the preliminary budget. The Town Board files the preliminary budget with the Town Clerk where it is available for inspection. In addition, the Board shall cause to be published a notice specifying a time and place for a public hearing.
- d) At the public hearing, taxpayers may comment on the preliminary budget.
- e) On or before November 20th, the Town Board shall adopt the preliminary budget as originally compiled or it may, by a majority vote, diminish or reject certain items contained therein as prescribed by law.
- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General, Highway and Special Districts funds.
- g) Budgets for the General, Highway and Special District funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not adopted for the Special Purpose Fund.
- h) The Town Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Town Board. Any modifications to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- i) Appropriations in the General, Highway and Special District funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts as promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Town Board.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The Town is not limited as to the maximum amount of real property taxes which may be raised. (See Note 5)

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

C. Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

The following functional expenditures and capital projects exceeded their budgetary authorizations by the amounts indicated:

General Fund: General Government Support:	
Central garage	\$ 15,966
Central communications	5,484
Central printing and mailing	844
Town code	1,434
Public Safety -	
Traffic control	1,318
Transportation:	
Garage	9,349
Street lighting	665
Culture and Recreation -	
Recreation buildings operations	1,764
Home and Community Services -	
Zoning and appeals	209
Employee Benefits - Undistributed:	
Workers' compensation	6,343
Unemployment benefits	2,504
Disability	445
Health insurance	56,876
Special Districts Fund -	
Lake Carmel Fire Protection District	21,308
Capital Projects Fund:	
Lake Carmel Gate Valves	22,070
North Cove Project	33,854

D. Capital Projects Fund Deficit

The unassigned deficit in the Capital Projects Fund of \$262,424 is a result of expenditures exceeding current financing on individual projects. These deficits will be eliminated with the subsequent receipt or issuance of authorized financing.

E. Other Deficits

The Lake Carmel Fire Protection District reflected a deficit of \$21,308 at December 31, 2011. The Town will address this deficit in the ensuing year.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at December 31, 2011 were as follows:

Fund		Due To			
General Highway Special Districts Capital Projects	\$	3,841,683 1,274,474 435,621 1,018,084	\$	1,060,112 37,461 3,521,953 1,950,336	
	\$	6,569,862	<u>\$</u>	6,569,862	

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

The balances reflected as advances to/from other funds at December 31, 2011 were as follows:

Fund	. A	Advance From			
Capital Projects Special Districts	\$	- 55,925	\$	55,925 -	
	\$	55,925	\$	55,925	

The outstanding balances between funds represent loans which are not expected to be repaid within the subsequent operating cycle.

C. Capital Assets

Changes in the Town's capital assets are as follows:

Class	Balance January 1, 2011	Additions	Balance December 31, 2011		
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 16,345,620	\$ - 479,125	\$ 16,345,620 479,125		
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$ 16,345,620	\$ 479,125	\$ 16,824,745		

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Class	Balance January 1, 2011	_Additions	Balance December 31, 2011
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 13,325,909 4,342,162 1,006,020	\$ - 344,803 	\$ 13,325,909 4,686,965 1,006,020
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	18,674,091	344,803	19,018,894
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	4,143,421 2,972,241 136,538	338,459 278,967 20,120	4,481,880 3,251,208 156,658
Total Accumulated Depreciation	7,252,200	637,546	7,889,746
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 11,421,891</u>	\$ (292,743)	\$ 11,129,148
Capital Assets, net	\$ 27,767,511	\$ 186,382	\$ 27,953,893

Depreciation expense was charged to the Town's functions and programs as follows:

General Government Support	\$ 155,867
Public Safety	125,938
Transportation	159,132
Culture and Recreation	105,076
Home and Community Services	91,533
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 637,546</u>

D. Pension Plans

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") ("Systems"). These Systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The Systems provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12224.

Funding Policy - The Systems are non-contributory except for employees in tiers 3 and 4 that have less than ten years of service, who contribute 3% of their salary and employees in tier 5 who also contribute 3% of their salary without regard to their years of service. Contributions are certified by the State Comptroller and expressed as a percentage of members' salary. Contribution rates are actuarially determined and based upon membership tier and plan.

Contributions consist of a life insurance portion and regular pension contributions. Contribution rates for the plan year ended March 31, 2012 are as follows:

	<u>Tier/Plan</u>	Rate
ERS	1 751	21.5%
	2 751	19.7
	3 A14	15.8
	4 A15	15.8
	5 A15	12.7
PFRS	2 384D	20.9
	2 3751	14.6
	5 384D	16.7

Contributions made to the Systems for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

	 ERS	PFRS			
2011	\$ 465,693	\$	316,385		
2010	345,177		262,681		
2009	248,365		265,119		

The ERS and PFRS contributions were equal to 100% of the actuarially required contributions for each respective fiscal year.

The current ERS contribution for the Town was charged to various functional categories within the funds identified below. The current PFRS contribution was charged to the General Fund.

<u>Fund</u>	 <u>Amount</u>
General	\$ 220,935
Highway	151,264
Special Districts	 93,494
	\$ 465.693

E. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Town's long-term indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2011:

	 Balance January 1, 2011		New Issues/ Additions		Maturities and/or Payments		Balance December 31, 2011		Due Within One Year	
Bonds Payable Less - Deferred charges Plus - Issuance premium	\$ 3,497,551 - -	\$	2,875,000 (194,625) 59,201	\$	3,120,771 (8,847) 2,691	\$	3,251,780 (185,778) 56,510	\$	421,446 - -	
	 3,497,551		2,739,576		3,114,615		3,122,512		421,446	

		Balance January 1, 2011		New Issues/ Additions		Maturities and/or Payments		Balance December 31, 2011		Due Within One Year	
Other Non-Current Liabilities:											
Capital Lease Payable	\$	11,611	\$	-	\$	11,611	\$	_	\$	_	
Compensated Absences Other Post Employment		60,299		-		263		60,036		6,000	
Benefit Obligations Payable		5,916,930		2,585,498		523,734	_	7,978,694		-	
	<u>\$</u>	9,486,391	\$	5,325,074	\$	3,650,223	\$	11,161,242	\$	427,446	

Each governmental fund's liability for bonds, capital leases, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations payable is liquidated by the General, Highway and Special Districts funds.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at December 31, 2011 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount		Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at December 31, 2011		
Public Improvements	2002	\$	5,000,000	September, 2012	4.25 - 5.00 %	\$	250,000	
Public Improvements	2007		200,000	September, 2012	3.45	•	40,000	
Public Improvements	2010		91,000	April, 2013	2.50		60,667	
Public Improvements	2010		122,226	July, 2013	2.75		61,113	
Refunding Bonds	2011		2,875,000	September, 2022	2.00 - 3.00		2,840,000	
						\$	3,251,780	

Interest expenditures of \$104,406 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the following funds.

Fund	 Amount
General	\$ 96,095
Highway	2,975
Special Districts	 5,336
	\$ 104,406

Interest expense of \$87,445 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Lease Payable

In April 2006, the Town entered into a capital lease to finance the acquisition of certain equipment. The terms of the agreement provide for the repayment of the principal amount of \$156,295 in 60 monthly installments of \$2,932, including interest at 4.75%. This lease obligation was satisfied in 2011

Interest expenditures/expense of \$115 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Highway Fund and in the government-wide financial statements.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of December 31, 2011, including interest payments of \$475,128 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		Principal	 nterest
2012	\$	421,446	\$ 84,571
2013		325,334	68,697
2014		290,000	60,162
2015		285,000	54,362
2016		275,000	48,662
2017-2021		1,395,000	150,874
2022		260,000	7,800
	<u>\$</u>	3,251,780	\$ 475,128

Advance Refunding

During the 2011 fiscal year, the Town issued \$2,875,000 in serial bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.0%, depending on maturity. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$2,650,000 of 2002 Public Improvement serial bonds bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$2,844,625 (net of \$59,201 re-offering premium and after payment of \$89,576 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the 2002 Public Improvement serial bonds. As a result, the 2002 Public Improvement serial bonds are considered defeased and the liability for the serial bond has been removed from the Statement of Net Assets. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$194,625. This amount and the premium are being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The City advance refunded the 2002 Public Improvement serial bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over 12 years by \$244,185 and to obtain a net present value economic gain of \$218,419. As of December 31, 2011, \$2,650,000 of the bonds are considered defeased.

Compensated Absences

Police officers may accumulate 180 days of sick leave. Any employee may elect to be paid for unused sick time at the end of each calendar year. Such payment will be for the time accumulated during that year only and will be paid at the current rate of pay. Vacation time must be taken in the year earned. Certain employees may elect to add up to 125 days of sick time to their retirement time under Section 41j of the New York State Employee's Retirement System. The Town is liable to the System for such elections. The value of all compensated absences has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Town may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing other post employment benefit obligations payable is shared between the Town and the retired employees. Substantially all of the Town's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Town. The cost of other post employment benefit obligations payable is recognized as an expenditure in the fund financial statements as claims are paid. The Town has recognized revenues and expenditures of \$56,876 for Medicare Part D payments made directly to its health insurance carrier on behalf of its retirees.

The Town's annual other post employment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be accounted for under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions and projections do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The Town is required to accrue on the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The 2010 and 2011 actual premiums were used in the projections with the assumed rate of increase in postretirement benefits subsequent to 2011 presented below:

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Fiscal Year	Medical Premiums	Medicare Part B Premiums
2012	9.50 %	7.50 %
2013	9.00	7.00
2014	8.50	6.50
2015	8.00	6.00
2016	7.50	5.50
2017	7.00	5.00
2018	6.50	5.00
2019	6.00	5.00
2020	5.50	5.00
2021+	5.00	5.00

The amortization basis is the level dollar of payroll method with an open amortization approach with 27 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% annual discount rate. The Town currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying post employment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the unit credit method.

The number of participants as of January 1, 2011 was as follows:

Active Employees Retired Employees and Dependents	84 46	
Total	130	
Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of January 1, 2011 Assets at Market Value	\$	27,137,897 <u>-</u>
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	<u>\$</u>	27,137,897
Funded Ratio		0.00%
Covered Payroll (Active plan members) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$	4,594,607 590.65%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$	2,677,905 236,677 (329,084)
Annual OPEB Cost		2,585,498
Contributions Made		(523,734)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		2,061,764
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		5,916,930
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	7,978,694

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and preceding year is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	 Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	,	Net OPEB Obligation
2011 2010 2009	\$ 2,585,498 2,618,675 2,375,664	20.26 18.88 23.02	%	\$ 7,978,694 5,916,930 3,792,613

The Schedule of funding progress for the OPEB plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

F. Net Assets

The components of net assets are detailed below:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - the component of net assets that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Repairs - the component of net assets that has been established in accordance with the General Municipal Law of the State of New York. The amount may only be used for repairs in the Town's Park and Water Districts and only with approval of the Town Board.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of the net assets that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Future Capital Projects - the component of net assets that has been established in accordance with General Municipal Law. The amount may only be used for capital projects and only with the approval of the Town Board.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net assets that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Special Purpose - the component of net assets that represents funds restricted for specific purposes under New York State law or by external parties and/or statutes.

Unrestricted - all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2011

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Fund Balances

		ļ	100	•	1	692,442	692,442		106,931	108,545	185,603	44,493	129	445,701		88,935	250,000	1,623,740	1,962,675	3,642,390	\$ 6,743,208
	Capital	Projects		, 69	•	1			ı	,	į	44,493	1	44,493		•	,				\$ 44,493
0	Special	Purpose	2	· •	•	-			İ	108,545	•	•		108,545		•	•		·	1	\$ 108,545
2010	Special	Districts	2	· •	•	119,195	119,195		106,931	٠	•	•	129	107.060		•	•	717,880	717,880	'	\$ 944,135
		Highway	2	·	•	211,728	211,728		,	4	•	•				,	ı	905,860	905,860		\$ 1,117,588
		General		. , (/)	•	361,519	361,519		1	i	185,603	ı	1	185,603		88,935	250,000	-	338,935	3,642,390	\$ 4,528,447
		- Esta		\$ 55,925	114,665	624,699	795,289		108,967	109,044	185,603	•	112	403,726		105,136	300,000	1,982,138	2,387,274	3,212,623	\$ 6,798,912
;	Capital	Projects		· •>	1		1		1	•	•	•				1	j	,	-	(262,424)	\$ (262,424)
11	Special	Purpose	1	•	•	ı	1		1	109,044	i	•		109,044		•	•	•			\$ 109,044
2011	Special	Districts		\$ 55,925	•	115,900	171,825		108,967	•	Ī	•	112	109,079		•	ı	808,610	808,610		\$ 1,089,514
		Highway	į.	·	•	200,875	200,875		i	1	ı	•				•	•	1,173,528	1,173,528	1	\$ 1,374,403
		General	1	, sə	114,665	307,924	422,589		•	•	185,603	•		185,603		105,136	300,000		405,136	3,475,047	\$ 4,488,375
			Nonspendable:	Advances	Inventories	Prepaid expenditures	Total Nonspendable	Restricted;	Repairs	Special purpose	Debt service	Capital projects	Future capital projects	Total Restricted	Assigned: Future recycling	projects Subsequent year's	expenditures	Major Funds	Total Assigned	Unassigned	Total Fund Balances

Certain elements of restricted fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Assets but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Advances have been established to indicate the long-term nature of funds advanced to the Enterprise funds. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that these funds do not represent "available" spendable resources even though they are a component of net assets.

Inventories have been established to account for purchased goods which will be expended when consumed. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Designations of fund balance are not legally required segregations but represent intended use for a specific purpose. At December 31, 2011, the Town Board has assigned the above amounts to be appropriated from the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. Unassigned fund balances in the Capital Projects Fund represent the deficit balance in the projects.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The Town, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages occurring from false arrest, property damage or personal injury. All the claims currently pending have been referred to the insurance carrier and none are expected to have a material effect on the Town's financial position, if adversely settled.

There are also currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the Town if existing assessment rolls are modified based upon the outcome of the litigation proceedings. The amount of possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time and any refunds resulting from adverse settlements will be funded in the year in which the payments are made.

B. Risk Management

The Town purchases conventional insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Town maintains general liability and umbrella policies with coverage up to \$2 million and \$20 million, respectively. Workers' compensation coverage is secured at statutory levels. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in 2011. The Town also purchases conventional health insurance coverage for employees from various providers.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

C. Contingencies

The Town participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Town anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 5 - Other Matters

On June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This applies to all local governments.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a Town in a particular year, beginning with the 2012 year. It expires on June 16, 2016.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Town to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The Town is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Town, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Town. The Town Board may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Town Board first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Town Board, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	Actua	rial			Unfunded				Unfunde Liability a	
Valuation Date	Valu Ass		•	Accrued Liability	 Actuarial Accrued Liability	Fun Ra		 Covered Payroll	Percenta of Cover Payroll	ed
January 1, 2011 January 1, 2010 January 1, 2009	\$	- - -	\$	27,137,897 27,137,897 23,757,896	\$ 27,137,897 27,137,897 23,757,896		- % - -	\$ 4,594,607 4,594,607 4,469,517	590.65 590.65 531.55	%

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GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

	· *	
ASSETS	2011	2010
<u> </u>		
Cash:		
Demand deposits	\$ 506,933	\$ 1,129,548
Time deposits	751,003	445,244
Petty cash	1,000	1,000
	1,258,936	1,575,792
Receivables:		
Accounts	244,592	257,636
State and Federal aid	12,114	21,275
Due from other funds	3,841,683	3,553,617
	4,098,389	3,832,528
Inventories	114,665	
Prepaid Expenditures	307,924	361,519
Total Assets	\$ 5,779,914	\$ 5,769,839
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 179,219	\$ 223,501
Accrued liabilities	52,208	49,370
Due to other funds	1,060,112	968,521
Total Liabilities	1,291,539	1,241,392
Fund Balance:		
Nonspendable	422,589	361,519
Restricted	185,603	185,603
Assigned	405,136	338,935
Unassigned	3,475,047	3,642,390
Total Fund Balance	4,488,375	4,528,447
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 5,779,914	\$ 5,769,839

GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

				2	2011			
Payanyan		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fin f	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues:	æ	7 000 000	æ	7.000.000	œ	7 200 200	•	2.405
Real property taxes Other tax items	\$	7,266,803	\$	7,266,803	\$	7,269,288	\$	2,485
Non-property taxes		72,000		72,000		56,308		(15,692)
Departmental income		200,000		200,000		245,415		45,415
Use of money and property		882,581		895,608		801,091		(94,517)
Licenses and permits		100,700		100,700		38,584		(62,116)
•		1,800		1,800		3,219		1,419
Fines and forfeitures		500,000		500,000		541,099		41,099
Sale of property and				40.000		00.400		05.740
compensation for loss State aid		004.500		13,690		39,439		25,749
		291,500		291,500		303,194		11,694
Miscellaneous	_					117,855		117,855
Total Revenues		9,315,384		9,342,101		9,415,492	·	73,391
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government support		3,123,253		3,307,909		3,275,176		32,733
Public safety		3,736,946		3,752,880		3,704,133		48,747
Health		6,376		6,404		4,958		1,446
Transportation		252,704		257,348		266,280		(8,932)
Economic opportunity and development		27,500		27,500		26,790		710
Culture and recreation		1,355,167		1,239,849		1,150,446		89,403
Home and community services		289,775		235,845		197,457		38,388
Employee benefits - Undistributed		381,347		391,415		457,577		(66,162)
Debt service:				007,170		.07,0.1		(00,102)
Principal		241,652		276,652		276,652		-
Interest		150,664		96,299		96,095		204
Total Expenditures		9,565,384		9,592,101		9,455,564		136,537
5 (5 (1)) (5								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		(250,000)		(250,000)		(40,072)		209,928
Other Financing Uses -								
Transfers out	_					-		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(250,000)		(250,000)		(40,072)		209,928
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	_	250,000	_	250,000		4,528,447		4,278,447
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u>\$</u>		\$	_	\$	4,488,375	\$ 4	4,488,375

			20	10			
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	7,378,792 52,000 175,000 975,666 100,000 1,800 422,000	\$	7,378,792 52,000 175,000 975,666 100,000 1,800 422,000	\$	7,378,792 60,872 230,901 748,408 53,933 4,005 554,875	\$	8,872 55,901 (227,258) (46,067) 2,205 132,875
	295,920 		314,809 		394,253 61,273	_	79,444 61,273
	9,401,178		9,446,385		9,549,259		102,874
	2,946,263 3,563,629 6,361 247,015 27,500 1,393,437 348,875 353,182		2,915,227 3,612,008 6,361 273,333 27,500 1,394,742 349,116 353,182		2,805,043 3,502,157 4,093 261,418 16,657 1,149,534 270,707 381,493		110,184 109,851 2,268 11,915 10,843 245,208 78,409 (28,311)
	257,526 161,807	***	257,526 161,807		257,526 161,039		- 768
	9,305,595		9,350,802		8,809,667		541,135
	95,583		95,583		739,592		644,009
	(125,583)		(1,055,868)		(930,285)		125,583
	(30,000)		(960,285)		(190,693)		769,592
	30,000		960,285		4,719,140	_	3,758,855
<u>\$</u>		\$	-	<u>\$</u>	4,528,447	\$	4,528,447

TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 (With Comparative Actuals for 2010)

OTHER TAX ITEMS Interest and penalties on real property taxes NON-PROPERTY TAXES Franchise fees	72,000	007,007,	7 105	
7	72,000			76/'9/5', 4
200,000	200,000	56,308	(15,692)	60,872
		245,415	45,415	230,901
9,784	11,784	14,050	2,266	3,614
482,332	482,332	470,732	(11,600)	390,824
2,100	2,100	5,269	3,169	7,408
80,000	80,000	70,081	(9,919)	68,160
5,065	5,065	3,652	(1,413)	3,387
190,600	190,600	100,009	(90,591)	133,367
17,000	17,000	17,700	200	15,757
85,200	85,200	96,372	11,172	93,762
10,500	21,527	23,226	1,699	32,129
882,581	895,608	801,091	(94,517)	748,408

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Earnings on investments	100,700	100,700	38,584	(62,116)	53,933
Dog and other licenses Permits	1,500	1,500	3,194	1,694 (275)	2,580
FINES AND FORFEITURES	1,800	1,800	3,219	1,419	4,005
Fines and forfeited bail	500,000	500,000	541,099	41,099	554,875
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS	SS				
Sale of equipment Insurance recoveries Other compensation for loss	f 1 1	13,690	5,200 27,219 7,020	5,200 13,529 7,020	- 61,947 12,508
STATE AID		13,690	39,439	25,749	74,455
Per capita Mortgage tax DARE program	60,000 200,000 20,000	60,000 200,000 20,000	58,361 231,733	(1,639) 31,733 (20,000)	59,552 288,592 20,000
Youth programs Public safety Other	8,000	8,000 3,500	7,061 1,196 4,843	(939) (2,304) 4,843	3,025 22,535 549
MISCELLANEOUS	291,500	291,500	303,194	11,694	394,253
Refund of prior year's expenditures Medicare Part D reimbursements Miscellaneous	1 1	1 1	60,862 56,876 117	60,862 56,876 117	19,493 41,355 425
	1	1	117,855	117,855	61,273
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 9,315,384	\$ 9,342,101	\$ 9,415,492	\$ 73,391	\$ 9,549,259

TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 (With Comparative Actuals for 2010)

		Original		Final		Act real	Vari	Variance with Final Budget Positive		2010	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT					İ			chaure)		Actual	
Town Board	↔	132,769	s	128,198	↔	126,508	↔	1,690	↔	114,409	
Town Justice		552,076		556,849		556,308		541		543,632	
Supervisor		177,486		179,143		174,181		4,962		160,447	
Finance		175,117		172,389		171,805		584		161,815	
Audit		32,800		32,800		32,800		•		31,600	
Tax collection		72,926		71,783		60,803		10,980		54,421	
Budget Director		8,992		8,992		8,918		74		8,914	
Assessor		209,004		177,981		174,320		3,661		176,206	
Town Clerk		233,563		226,720		226,502		218		210,283	
Town Attorney		155,000		173,979		161,979		12,000		127,814	
Personnel		28,000		31,000		30,899		101		39,244	
Engineering		10,000		ł		F		1		1	
Records management		41,053		39,738		33,011		6,727		33,582	
Buildings		292,185		276,077		261,302		14,775		229,155	
Central garage		619,497		714,910		730,876		(15,966)		732,496	
Central communications		8,000		10,083		15,567		(5,484)		12,303	
Central printing and mailing		40,000		50,063		50,907		(844)		38,249	
Central data processing		81,000		81,000		80,858		142		86,007	
Unallocated insurance		25,000		1		1		1		ı	
Municipal association dues		1,500		1,500		1,500				1,500	
Judgments and claims		35,000		294,489		294,489		1		8,127	
Purchase of land		1,000		ſ		•		ı		1	
Town code		30,000		63,930		65,364		(1,434)		24,331	
Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax		16,285		16,285		16,279		ဖ		10,508	
Contingency		145,000		1		•		•		•	
		3,123,253		3,307,909		3,275,176		32,733		2,805,043	

Police Less - Transfers to Debt Service	3,504,071 (17,066)	3,538,835	3,504,951	33,884 (204)	3,319,971
	3,487,005	3,521,769	3,488,089	33,680	3,286,219
Traffic control Fire prevention and control	8,500 26,540	3,500	4,818	(1,318) 6 958	3,079
Animal control	43,086	41,086	33,277	7,809	41,241
Safety inspection	168,815	159,265	157,782	1,483	151,189
Demolitions of unsafe buildings Other	3,000	2,312	2,177	135	1 1
HEALTH	3,736,946	3,752,880	3,704,133	48,747	3,502,157
Registrar of Vital Statistics DARE program	4,376 2,000	4,404	4,311 647	93	4,093
TRANSPORTATION	6,376	6,404	4,958	1,446	4,093
Highway Administration Garage Street lighting	169,704 73,000 10,000	169,082 78,266 10,000	168,000 87,615 10,665	1,082 (9,349) (665)	186,730 65,831 8,857
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT	252,704	257,348	266,280	(8,932)	261,418
Veterans' services Programs for the aging Outreach program	1,000 24,000 2,500	1,000 24,000 2,500	290 24,000 2,500	710	838 13,319 2,500
	27,500	27,500	26,790	710	16,657
					(Continued)

TOWN OF KENT, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES COMPARED TO BUDGET (Continued) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 (With Comparative Actuals for 2010)

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2	2010
CULTURE AND RECREATION	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	×	Actual
Parks	\$ 385,609	\$ 376,583	\$ 351,235	\$ 25,348	₩	371,611
Recreation administration	153,978	148,291	102,500	45,791		88,910
Recreation buildings operations	16,931	16,131	17,895	(1,764)		13,341
Youth programs	178,556	95,437	78,160	17,277		78,467
Library	571,781	558,431	558,408	23		552,149
Historian	5,812	3,562	3,451	111		2,757
Celebrations	20,000	15,100	14,367	733		14,669
Adult recreation	22,500	26,314	24,430	1,884		27,630
	1,355,167	1,239,849	1,150,446	89,403		1,149,534
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES						
Zoning and appeals	10,000	14,017	14,226	(209)		11,068
Planning Board	86,250	55,867	42,069	13,798		50,346
New York City Watershed	150	•	1			
Stormwater contractual	35,000	31,094	31,057	37		37,178
Landfill	25,000	12,100	12,060	40		11,866
Recycling	85,200	85,200	62,121	23,079		112,221
Beautification	10,000	1,860	1,785	75		6,270
Code enforcement	30,400	30,932	29,374	1,558		27,418
Conservation advisory	277	275	265	10		1,057
Cemeteries	2,000	4,500	4,500	ı		5,000
Cable TV	2,000	E .		1		8,283
	289,775	235,845	197,457	38,388		270,707

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - UNDISTRIBUTED

646 - 10,136 1,986 364,403 4,322	381,493	257,526 161,039	418,565	8,809,667		930,285	\$ 9,739,952
5 (6,343) (2,504) (445) (56,876)	(66,162)	204	204	136,537		1	\$ 136,537
445 6,345 18,626 2,049 428,653 1,459	457,577	276,652 96,095	372,747	9,455,564			\$ 9,455,564
450 2 16,122 1,604 371,777 1,460	391,415	276,652 96,299	372,951	9,592,101		ı	9,592,101
1,000 - 10,000 2,123 366,724 1,500	381,347	241,652 150,664	392,316	9,565,384			\$ 9,565,384 \$
State retirement Workers' compensation Unemployment benefits Disability Health insurance Other	DEBT SERVICE	Serial Bonds: Principal Interest		TOTAL EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING USES	Transfers out - Capital Projects Fund	TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES



HIGHWAY FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

ASSETS		 2011	 2010
Receivables: Accounts Due from other funds		\$ - 1,274,474	\$ 7,842 938,669
		1,274,474	946,511
Prepaid Expenditures		 200,875	211,728
Total Assets		\$ 1,475,349	\$ 1,158,239
LIABILITIES AND FUND	BALANCE		
Liabilities: Accounts payable		\$ 42,179	\$ 3,190
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds		 21,306 37,461	 37,461
Total Liabilities		 100,946	 40,651
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Assigned		 200,875 1,173,528	211,728 905,860
Total Fund Balance		 1,374,403	 1,117,588
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance		\$ 1,475,349	\$ 1,158,239

HIGHWAY FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

			2011	
D	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Real property taxes Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous	\$ 3,656,42 20,00 60	0 20,0		\$ - (17,181) 5,101 1,450
Total Revenues	3,677,02	0 3,677,0	20 3,666,390	(10,630)
Expenditures: Current: Transportation:				
Repairs and maintenance	1,384,10	3 1,405,8	01 1,392,359	13,442
Snow removal	1,256,66			201,537
Brush and weeds	18,50			10,082
	2,659,26	9 2,675,5	56 2,450,495	225,061
Employee benefits	919,93	5 892,0	851,372	40,665
Debt service:				
Principal	93,00	7 104,6	18 104,618	-
Interest	4,80	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	1,719
	97,81	6 109,4	27 107,708	1,719
Total Expenditures	3,677,02	0 3,677,0	20 3,409,575	267,445
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	- 256,815	256,815
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			- 1,117,588	1,117,588
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	- \$	- \$ 1,374,403	\$ 1,374,403

			20	010			
_	Original Budget		Final Sudget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	3,513,039 25,000 - -	\$	3,513,039 25,000 -	\$	3,513,039 9,303 2,173 13,470	\$	(15,697) 2,173 13,470
	3,538,039		3,538,039		3,537,985		(54)
	1,376,013 1,251,328 52,327		1,358,589 1,216,149 52,327		1,127,944 1,055,209 13,851		230,645 160,940 38,476
	2,679,668		2,627,065		2,197,004		430,061
	790,998		808,422		745,317		63,105
	63,574 3,799		97,327 5,225		96,427 5,236		900 (11)
	67,373		102,552		101,663	<u></u>	889
	3,538,039	:	3,538,039		3,043,984		494,055
	-		•		494,001		494,001
	-		<u>-</u>		623,587		623,587
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,117,588	\$	1,117,588

SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - SUB FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2011

(With Comparative Totals for 2010)

		Fire Protect	ion D	istricts		Park D	istrict	s
<u>ASSETS</u>	(Lake Carmel		Kent	*******	Lake Carmel		Lake Tibet
Cash: Demand deposits Time deposits Petty cash	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	250 60,075 500 60,825	\$	33,757 33,757
Accounts Receivable		-		-		~		-
State and Federal Aid Receivable		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		9,462		226,678		58,429
Advances to Other Funds		-		-		55,925		-
Prepaid Expenditures		_		-		20,287		9
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	9,462	\$	363,715	\$	92,195
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DI	FICITS	<u>S)</u>						.,
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	21,308	\$	- - -	\$	5,082 9,879 30,554	\$	- - - -
Total Liabilities		21,308				45,515		<u>-</u>
Fund Balances (Deficits): Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- - (21,308)		- - 9,462		76,212 75,075 166,913		9 33,765 58,421
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		(21,308)		9,462		318,200	.,	92,195
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	_	\$	9,462	\$	363,715	\$	92,195

	Wate	r Distri	cts	Lake		Tot	als	
F	Romanoff		Leeside	 Carmel Sanitation District		2011		2010
\$	17,803 127	\$	9,629 130	\$ 132,699 3,832,370	\$	160,381 3,926,459 500	\$	159,978 3,580,406 500
	17,930		9,759	3,965,069		4,087,340		3,740,884
	-		-	-		-		286
	-		-	1,039		1,039		-
	60,930		80,122	-		435,621		390,986
	-		-	-		55,925		-
	27		9	 95,568		115,900		119,195
\$	78,887	<u>\$</u>	89,890	\$ 4,061,676	\$	4,695,825	<u>\$</u>	4,251,351
\$	2,260 - -	\$	4,423 - -	\$ 50,364 12,350 3,470,091	\$	62,129 22,229 3,521,953	\$	47,687 8,854 3,250,675
	2,260		4,423	 3,532,805		3,606,311		3,307,216
	27 127 76,473		9 112 85,346	 95,568 - 433,303		171,825 109,079 808,610	_	119,195 107,060 717,880
	76,627		85,467	 528,871		1,089,514		944,135
\$	78,887	\$	89,890	\$ 4,061,676	\$	4,695,825	\$	4,251,351

SPECIAL DISTRICTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - SUB FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 (With Comparative Totals for 2010)

	 Fire Protect	ion I	Districts	~	Park D	istric	ets
	 Lake Carmel	_	Kent	•	Lake Carmel		Lake Tibet
Revenues: Real property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation	\$ 837,799 - 28	\$	430,500 - 113	\$	581,015 8,229 2,043	\$	31,700 - 320
for loss State aid Miscellaneous	 - - -		- - -		13,270 - 6,589		- - -
Total Revenues	 837,827		430,613		611,146		32,020
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service: Principal Interest Total Expenditures	 870,314 - - - - - 870,314		428,500 - - - - - - 428,500		391,021 - 111,635 40,000 2,745 545,401		3,812
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(32,487)		2,113		65,745		28,208
Other Financing Uses - Transfers out	<u>-</u> .		_				<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(32,487)		2,113		65,745		28,208
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 11,179		7,349		252,455		63,987
Fund Balances (Deficits) - End of Year	\$ (21,308)	<u>\$</u>	9,462	\$	318,200	\$	92,195

	Water	Distri	cts	Lake		Т	otals	i .
R	omanoff		_eeside	 Carmel Sanitation District		2011		2010
\$	45,128	\$	31,924 -	\$ 1,481,997 -	\$	3,440,063 8,229	\$	3,400,892 13,203
	258		295	3,514		6,571		8,842
	-		-	24,725		37,995		5,503
	10,036		2,919	 _		19,544	_	10,030 7,581
	55,422		35,138	1,510,236		3,512,402		3,446,051
			-	_		1,298,814		1,282,272
	4E EEO		40.744	4 000 000		394,833		436,033
	45,552 -		42,741 -	1,000,330 366,669		1,088,623 478,304		1,077,901 405,935
	-		-	61,113		101,113		40,000
			-	 2,591	·	5,336		5,875
	45,552		42,741	1,430,703		3,367,023		3,248,016
	9,870		(7,603)	79,533		145,379		198,035
	_		<u>-</u>	 		_	_	(65,000)
	9,870		(7,603)	79,533		145,379		133,035
	66,757		93,070	 449,338		944,135		811,100
\$	76,627	\$	85,467	\$ 528,871	\$	1,089,514	\$	944,135

SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

	<u>ASSETS</u>	2011		2010	
Cash - Demand deposits		<u>\$</u>	109,044	\$	108,545
<u>.</u>	FUND BALANCE				
Restricted		<u>\$_</u>	109,044	\$	108,545

SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

	2011	2010	
Revenues: Departmental income Use of money and property	\$ - 499	\$ 5,500 716	
Total Revenues	499	6,216	
Expenditures			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	499	6,216	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	108,545	102,329	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 109,044	\$ 108,545	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

		2011		2010
ASSETS	-			
Cash: Demand deposits Time deposits	\$	129,578 327,275	\$	13,803 453,147
		456,853		466,950
Receivables: Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds		41,515 270,579 - 1,018,084 1,330,178		191,054 55,297 1,018,628 1,264,979
Total Assets	\$	1,787,031	<u>\$</u>	1,731,929
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Due to other funds Retainage payable Advances from other funds	\$	34,256 1,950,336 8,938 55,925	\$	42,193 1,645,243 - -
Total Liabilities		2,049,455		1,687,436
Fund Balance (Deficit): Restricted Unassigned		(262,424)		44,493
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		(262,424)		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	1,787,031	\$	1,687,436

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

	2011	2010		
Revenues:				
State aid	\$ 583,783	\$ 386,016		
Miscellaneous	44,013	225,195		
Total Revenues	627,796	611,211		
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	934,713	914,944		
Debt service- Refunding bond issuance costs	89,576	-		
Total Expenditures	1,024,289	914,944		
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(396,493)	(303,733)		
Other Financing Sources:				
Refunding bonds issued	2,875,000	-		
Issuance premium	59,201	-		
Payment to refunded bond				
escrow agent	(2,844,625)	-		
Bonds issued		213,226		
Transfers in		995,285		
Total Other Financing Sources	89,576	1,208,511		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(306,917)	904,778		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	44,493	(860,285)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (262,424)	\$ 44,493		

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND PROJECT-LENGTH SCHEDULE INCEPTION OF PROJECT THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011

PROJECT		Project Budget		Expenditures and Transfers		Unexpended Balance	
Huestis Park	\$	35,000	\$	12,083	\$	22,917	
Lake Carmel Gate Valves		313,284		335,354		(22,070)	
Town Center Generator		70,000		45,000		25,000	
North Cove Project		490,000		523,854		(33,854)	
Lake Carmel Community Center		25,000		-		25,000	
Ludington Mill Stone		5,000		-		5,000	
Lake Carmel Cultural Center (Old Firehouse)		415,000		400,824		14,176	
Road Construction Route 52 Sewer		5,000,000		41,515		4,958,485	
Sanitation Vehicle		187,226		187,224		2	
Road Resurfacing - CHIPS		226,833		213,787		13,046	
Sweeper		229,785		229,785		-	
Stormwater		56,250		2,973		53,277	
Totals	\$	7,053,378	\$	1,992,399	\$	5,060,979	

			N	/letho	ds of Financi	ng				5.	nd Palanaa
Interfund Transfers		Proceeds of Obligations		State and Federal Aid		Other		Totals		Fund Balance (Deficit) at December 31, 2011	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,049	\$	2,497	\$	19,546	\$	7,463
	113,284		200,000		-		-		313,284		(22,070)
	40,000		-		-		-		40,000		(5,000)
	-		-		244,999		226,489		471,488		(52,366)
	25,000		₩		-		-		25,000		25,000
	5,000		-		-		-		5,000		5,000
	3,765		-		396,318		-		400,083		(741)
	-		-		_		41,515		41,515		-
	65,000		122,226		-		~		187,226		2
	-				226,833		-		226,833		13,046
	_		-		-		-		-		(229,785)
					<u> </u>						(2,973)
\$	252,049	\$	322,226	\$	885,199	\$	270,501	\$	1,729,975	\$	(262,424)

			·
			-